Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1)

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi

December 31, 2021 Financial Statements Together With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon (Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)



Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve SMMM A.Ş. Maslak Mah. Eski Büyükdere Cad. Orjin Maslak İş Merkezi No: 27 Kat: 2-3-4 Daire: 54-57-59 34485 Sanıyer İstanbul - Türkiye Tel: +90 212 315 3000 Fax: +90 212 230 8291 ey.com Ticaret Sicil No : 479920 Mersis No: 0-4350-3032-6000017

(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi

A) Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

1) Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of profit distribution for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2021, and its financial performance, its cash flows and its profit distribution for the year then ended in accordance with the prevailing accounting principles and standards as per the insurance legislation and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards for the matters not regulated by insurance legislation; "Insurance Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation".

2) Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards (InAS) which are part of the Turkish Auditing Standards as issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey (POA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors (Code of Ethics) as issued by the POA, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3) Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2020 were audited by another audit firm whose independent auditor's report thereon dated March 12, 2021 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Within the scope of our independent audit of the financial statements for the 2021 period, we have also audited the restatements and reclassification made to change the financial statements for the 2020 period and explained in footnote 2.1.1. In our opinion, such restatements and reclassifications are appropriate and have been applied properly. Apart from these adjustments, we do not provide an audit opinion or any other assurance on the financial statements for the 2020 period as a whole, as we are not commissioned to perform the independent audit, review or any procedure regarding the financial statements of the Company for the 2020 accounting period.



4) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Incurred but not reported outstanding claims reserve	
As of December 31, 2021, the Company has insurance liabilities of TL 3.581.327.302 representing 49% of the Company's total liabilities. The Company made net provision of TL 2.445.375.713 for the future outstanding claims for insurance contracts. In the calculation of Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims provisions (net amount of TL 1.893.916.021) which is accounted under the outstanding claims reserves, the Company Management has used the actuarial assumptions and estimates detailed in note 2 and 17. The significance of the provision amount allocated for compensations for incurred but not reported losses within Company's financial tables and also the calculations of such provisions include significant actuarial judgements and forecast, IBNR calculations has been considered as a key audit matter.	We have performed the audit procedures related the actuarial assumptions which disclosed in the Note 2 and 17 together with the actuary auditor who is part of our audit team. These procedures are primarily intended to assess whether the estimates and methods that used in the calculation of the outstanding claims reserve by the Company are appropriate. In this context, we have performed the audit procedures related to the recording the Company's incurred outstanding claims; performed the analytical review the incurred case files which selected randomly; obtained the signed lawyer letter from the Company's attorney for litigated case files; assessed the average claim amount and opening claim amounts determined by the Company's actuary; have performed the audit procedures related to the completeness of the data used in the correct calculation of insurance contract liabilities; assessed the properness of the IBNR calculation method used by the Company's claim history; performed the recalculation procedure on the amount of IBNR calculated by the Company; reviewed the claim analyzes made by the Company's actuary and questioned these analyzes in terms of suitability and consistency of both legislation and Company past experience; assessed whether the disclosures in the notes of the financial statements are sufficient.



5) Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Insurance Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and designing, implementing and maintaining internal systems relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

6) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with InAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with InAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Company's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January – 31 December 2021 and financial statements are not in compliance with laws and provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 2) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The name of the engagement partner who supervised and concluded this audit is Fatih Polat.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member film of Ernst & Young Global Limited

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Fatih Polet, SMMR

March 15, 2022 İstanbul, Turkey

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE COMPANY'S REPRESENTATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

We confirm that the financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes which were prepared as of 31 December 2021 in accordance with the accounting principles and standards in force as per the regulations of Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury are in compliance with the "Code Related to the Financial Reporting of Insurance, Reinsurance and Individual Pension Companies" and the financial records of our Company.

Istanbul, 15 March 2022

Recai Dalaş

Member of Board of Directors', Chief Executive Officer

Mesrur Özkaya Actuary (Registry No. 178)

Chief Financial Office

Günay Özkömürcü

Finance and Administrative Affairs Coordinator

SOMPO SİGORTA A.Ş. Rüzgarlıbahçe Mahallesi, Çam Pınarı Sokak, No: 10, Beykoz/İstanbul Tel: (0216) 538 60 00 Faks: (0216) 538 62 90 www.somposigorta.com.tr

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Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

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D- Due from Related Parties12,452.531- Due from Shareholders12,452.532- Due from Subsidiaries		172.748.647						
1- Due from Shareholders 12,45 2.53 2- Due from Associates		(171.555.873)						
2- Due from Associates	2.534.704	3.842.987						
3- Due from Subsidiaries	2.534.704	3.842.987						
4- Due from Joint Ventures Image: Constraint of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se								
5- Due from Personnel Image: Constraint of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section the sectin the sectin the section of the sectin the sec	-							
6- Due from Other Related Parties								
7 - Rediscount on Receivables from Related Parties	-	-						
8- Doubtful Receivables from Related Parties	-	-						
9- Provision for Doubtful Receivables from Related Parties 4.2,12 19.18 E- Other Receivables 4.2,12 19.18 1- Finance Lease Receivables 4.2,12 29 2- Unearned Finance Lease Interest Income 4.2,12 29 4- Other Miscellaneous Receivables 4.2,12 18.89 5- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous Receivables 6 6 6- Other Doubtful Receivables 7 7 7- Provision for Other Doubtful Receivables 300.15 7 1- Deferred Acquisition Costs 17 276.07 2- Accrued Interest and Rent Income 300.15 17 3- Income Accruals 2.10,13 17 24.08 G- Other Current Assets 17 24.08 1- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months 11 1 2- Prepaid Taxes and Funds 19 11 2- Prepaid Taxes and Funds 12 1.13 3- Deferred Tax Assets 12 1.13 5- Advances Given to Personnel 12 1.13 6- Other Current Assets 12 1.13 7- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets 12 1.14 <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	-	-						
E- Other Receivables4.2,1219.181- Finance Lease Receivables								
1 - Finance Lease ReceivablesImage: Constraint of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the se	-	53.364.364						
2- Unearned Finance Lease Interest Income4.2,12293- Deposits and Guarantees Given4.2,12294- Other Miscellaneous Receivables4.2,1218.895- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous Receivables666- Other Doubtful Receivables777- Provision for Other Doubtful Receivables300.151- Deferred Acquisition Costs17276.072- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets121- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months193- Deferred Tax Assets121.134- Job Advances121.135- Advances Given to Personnel121.76- Inventory Count Differences121.94	19.109.904	55.304.304						
3- Deposits and Guarantees Given4.2,12294- Other Miscellaneous Receivables4.2,1218.895- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous Receivables666- Other Doubtful Receivables777- Provision for Other Doubtful Receivables300.151- Deferred Acquisition Costs17276.072- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets191- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months192- Prepaid Taxes and Funds121.135- Advances Given to Personnel121.135- Advances Given to Personnel121.76- Inventory Count Differences121.947- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1919	-	-						
4- Other Miscellaneous Receivables4.2,1218.895- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous Receivables666- Other Doubtful Receivables777- Provision for Other Doubtful Receivables300.151- Deferred Acquisition Costs17276.072- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets191- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months192- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets19	293.133	260.953						
5- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous ReceivablesImage: constraint of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of th	293.133 18.896.771	53.103.411						
6- Other Doubtful ReceivablesImage: constraint of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the sector	18.890.771	55.105.411						
7- Provision for Other Doubtful ReceivablesImage: constraint of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of the probability of	-	-						
F- Prepaid Expenses and Income Accruals300.151- Deferred Acquisition Costs17276.072- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months112- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets19								
1- Deferred Acquisition Costs17276.072- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months112- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets19	-	359.849.182						
2- Accrued Interest and Rent Income2.10,133- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.0817G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months112- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1.94		258.827.334						
3- Income Accruals2.10,134- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.0817G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months12- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1.94	/0.0/0.411	230.027.334						
4- Other Prepaid Expenses1724.08G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months12- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1.94		84.670.383						
G- Other Current Assets3.281- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months12- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1.94	24.083.742	16.351.465						
1- Stocks to be Used in the Following Months12- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets19								
2- Prepaid Taxes and Funds193- Deferred Tax Assets124- Job Advances125- Advances Given to Personnel126- Inventory Count Differences127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets19	3.283.647 19.543	99.356.261						
3- Deferred Tax Assets 12 4- Job Advances 12 5- Advances Given to Personnel 12 6- Inventory Count Differences 12 7- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets 194	17.343	77.839.447						
4- Job Advances121.135- Advances Given to Personnel12176- Inventory Count Differences7127- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets1.94	-	//.039.44/						
5- Advances Given to Personnel 12 17 6- Inventory Count Differences 7 12 7- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets 1.94	- 1.139.570	504 600						
6- Inventory Count Differences 1.94 7- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets 1.94		504.620						
7- Other Miscellaneous Current Assets 1.94	175.925	213.775						
	-							
o- riovision for Unrent Assets	1.948.609	20.798.419						
	- 05.084.791	5.781.375.480						

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

ASSETS								
II- Non-Current Assets	Note	Audited Current Period December 31, 2021	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period December 31, 2020					
A- Receivables from Main Operations 1- Receivables from Insurance Operations		-	-					
2- Provision for Receivables from Insurance Operations		-	-					
3- Receivables from Reinsurance Operations		-	-					
4- Provision for Receivables from Reinsurance Operations		-	-					
5- Cash Deposited for Insurance and Reinsurance Companies			-					
6- Loans to the Policyholders 7- Provision for Loans to the Policyholders			<u>-</u>					
8- Receivables from Individual Pension Business		-	-					
9- Doubtful Receivables from Main Operations		-	-					
10- Provision for Doubtful Receivables from Main Operations		-	-					
B- Due from Related Parties 1- Due from Shareholders		-	-					
2- Due from Associates		-	-					
3- Due from Subsidiaries		-	-					
4- Due from Joint Ventures		-	-					
5- Due from Personnel		-	-					
6- Due from Other Related Parties 7- Rediscount on Receivables from Related Parties								
8- Doubtful Receivables from Related Parties								
9- Provision for Doubtful Receivables from Related Parties		_						
C- Other Receivables		-	-					
1- Finance Lease Receivables 2- Unearned Finance Lease Interest Income	╂────┼	-	-					
2- Unearned Finance Lease Interest Income 3- Deposits and Guarantees Given	<u>├</u>		-					
4- Other Miscellaneous Receivables		-	-					
5- Rediscount on Other Miscellaneous Receivables		-	-					
6- Other Doubtful Receivables	↓ ↓		-					
7- Provision for Other Doubtful Receivables D- Financial Assets	9	875.420	684.773					
1- Investments in Equity Shares	9							
2- Investments in Associates	9	875.420	684.773					
3- Capital Commitments to Associates		-	-					
4- Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-					
5- Capital Commitments to Subsidiaries 6- Investments in Joint Ventures		-						
7- Capital Commitments to Joint Ventures		-						
8- Financial Assets and Financial Investments with Risks on Policyholders		-	-					
9- Other Financial Assets	↓ ↓		-					
10- Impairment in Value of Financial Assets E- Tangible Assets	6	225.141.217	160.485.327					
1- Investment Properties	6,7	3.012.818	3.012.818					
2- Impairment for Investment Properties		-	-					
3- Owner Occupied Property	6	190.667.445	128.759.019					
4- Machinery and Equipments		-	-					
5- Furniture and Fixtures 6- Motor Vehicles	6	47.259.277 888.638	<u>32.035.533</u> 888.638					
7- Other Tangible Assets (Including Leasehold Improvements)	6	3.872.777	13.191.597					
8- Tangible Assets Acquired Through Finance Leases	6	13.381.704	12.847.764					
9- Accumulated Depreciation	6	(33.941.442)	(32.042.262)					
10- Advances Paid for Tangible Assets (Including Construction in Progress)	6	12.406.159	1.792.220					
F- Intangible Assets 1- Rights	8	12.406.159	12.139.552					
2- Goodwill			-					
3- Pre-operating Expenses			-					
4- Research and Development Costs		-						
5- Other Intangible Assets 6- Accumulated Amortization	8	48.246.425 (35.840.266)	<u>36.258.387</u> (24.118.835)					
7- Advances Paid for Intangible Assets	8	(53.840.200)	(24.110.033)					
G- Prepaid Expenses and Income Accruals		-	-					
1- Deferred Acquisition Costs	<u>↓ </u>	-	-					
2- Income Accruals	╂────┼							
3- Other Prepaid Expenses H- Other Non-Current Assets	21	185.638.691	45.000.350					
1- Effective Foreign Currency Accounts	<u></u>	-						
2- Foreign Currency Accounts		-	-					
3- Stocks to be Used in the Following Years	↓	-	-					
4- Prepaid Taxes and Funds 5- Deferred Tax Assets	21	- 185.638.691	45.000.350					
5- Deferred Tax Assets 6- Other Miscellaneous Non-Current Assets	21	185.038.091	45.000.350					
7- Amortization on Other Non-Current Assets	<u> </u>	-						
8- Provision for Other Non-Current Assets								
II- Total Non-Current Assets		424.061.487	218.310.002					
Total Asset		7.329.146.278	5.999.685.482					

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

			Audite
		Audited Current Period	Restated (* Prior Perio
III- Short-Term Liabilities	Note	December 31, 2021	December 31, 202
A- Financial Liabilities	13,20	822.307.310	192.648.11
1- Borrowings from Financial Institutions		-	
2- Finance Lease Payables	20	5.893.794	6.402.76
3- Deferred Leasing Costs	20	(1.453.991)	(1.713.90
4- Current Portion of Long-Term Debts		-	
5- Principal Installments and Interests on Bonds Issued		-	
6- Other Financial Assets Issued		-	
7- Valuation Differences of Other Financial Assets Issued		-	
8- Other Financial Liabilities	13,20	817.867.507	187.959.25
B- Payables Arising from Main Operations	19	418.329.497	254.868.0
1- Payables Arising from Insurance Operations	19	382.694.728	230.401.54
2- Payables Arising from Reinsurance Operations		-	
3- Cash Deposited by Insurance and Reinsurance Companies		-	
4- Payables Arising from Pension Operations		-	
5- Payables Arising from Other Operations	19	35.634.769	24.466.5
6- Discount on Payables from Other Operations		-	
C-Due to Related Parties	19	85.295	13.8
1- Due to Shareholders		-	
2- Due to Associates		-	
3- Due to Subsidiaries		-	
4- Due to Joint Ventures		-	
5- Due to Personnel	19	85.295	13.8
6- Due to Other Related Parties		-	
D- Other Payables	19	64.348.225	52.162.0
1- Deposits and Guarantees Received		19.184.316	13.112.6
2- Payables to Social Security Institution Related to Treatment Expenses	19	28.193.913	28.574.1
3- Other Miscellaneous Payables	19,23	17.456.655	10.989.5
4- Discount on Other Miscellaneous Payables	19	(486.659)	(514.20
E-Insurance Technical Provisions	17	3.525.381.032	3.300.778.62
1- Reserve for Unearned Premiums - Net	2.24,17	1.036.536.723	1.066.586.7
2- Reserve for Unexpired Risks- Net	2.27,17	41.394.615	4.103.9
3- Life Mathematical Provisions - Net		-	
4- Provision for Outstanding Claims - Net	2.25,17	2.445.375.713	2.228.924.2
5- Provision for Bonus and Discounts - Net	17	2.073.981	1.163.7
6- Provision for Policies Relating to Life Insurance Policyholders		-	
7- Other Technical Provisions - Net	17	-	
F- Provisions for Taxes and Other Similar Obligations	19	155.657.197	24.265.8
1- Taxes and Funds Payable		28.129.871	22.410.7
2- Social Security Premiums Payable		2.428.178	1.855.0
3- Overdue, Deferred or By Installment Taxes and Other Liabilities		-	
4- Other Taxes and Similar Payables		-	
5- Provisions for Corporate Tax and Other Legal Liabilities Regarding Current Year	10.25	255 412 020	134.363.0
Income	19,35	255.413.930	(124.262.00
6- Prepaid Taxes and Other Liabilities Regarding Current Year Income 7- Provisions for Other Taxes and Similar Liabilities	19	(130.314.782)	(134.363.09
G- Provisions for Other Taxes and Similar Liabilities	23		29 (24 (
	23	33.953.055	28.634.6
1- Provision for Employee Termination Benefits		-	
2- Provision for Pension Fund Deficits	22	-	29 624 6
3- Provisions for Costs H- Deferred Income and Expense Accruals	23 19	33.953.055 175.961.809	28.634.6 121.897.1
1- Deferred Commission Income	19	174.305.748	121.097.1
	10	1/4.303./48	121.1/3.8
2- Expense Accruals	10	1 656 061	723.3
3- Other Deferred Income	19	1.656.061	123.3
I- Other Short-Term Liabilities		159.521	
1- Deferred Tax Liabilities	╂────┼	-	
2- Inventory Count Differences 3- Other Various Short-Term Liabilities	╂────┼	-	
5- Other various Short-Term Liabilities	1	159.521	

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

LIABILITIES								
IV- Long-Term Liabilities	Note	Audited Current Period December 31, 2021	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period December 31, 2020					
A- Financial Liabilities	20	5.218.163	6.240.029					
1- Borrowings from Financial Institutions		-	-					
2- Finance Lease Payables	20	6.007.709	7.680.670					
3- Deferred Leasing Costs	20	(789.546)	(1.440.641)					
4- Bonds Issued		-	-					
5- Other Financial Assets Issued		-	-					
6- Valuation Differences of Other Financial Assets Issued		-	-					
7- Other Financial Liabilities		-	-					
B- Payables Arising from Operating Activities		-	-					
1- Payables Arising from Insurance Operations		-	-					
2- Payables Arising from Reinsurance Operations		-	-					
3- Cash Deposited by Insurance and Reinsurance Companies		-	-					
4- Payables Arising from Pension Operations		-	-					
5- Payables Arising from Other Operations		-						
6- Discount on Payables from Other Operations		-	-					
C- Due to Related Parties								
1- Due to Shareholders		-						
2- Due to Associates			-					
3- Due to Subsidiaries								
4- Due to Joint Ventures								
5- Due to Personnel								
6- Due to Other Related Parties								
D- Other Payables		_						
1- Deposits and Guarantees Received		_						
2- Other Miscellaneous Payables								
3- Discount on Other Miscellaneous Payables			_					
4- Payables to Social Security Institution			_					
E-Insurance Technical Provisions	17	55.946.270	46.074.738					
1- Reserve for Unearned Premiums - Net	17		10107 11720					
2- Reserve for Unexpired Risks - Net								
3- Life Mathematical Provisions - Net								
4- Provision for Outstanding Claims - Net								
5- Provision for Bonus and Discounts - Net								
6- Other Technical Provisions - Net	2.26,17	55.946.270	46.074.738					
F-Other Liabilities and Relevant Accruals	2.20,17	55.940.270	40.074.750					
1- Other Liabilities		-						
		-						
2- Overdue, Deferred or By Installment Taxes and Other Liabilities		-						
3- Other Liabilities and Expense Accruals	22	-	3.065.139					
G- Provisions for Other Risks	23	7.505.899						
1- Provisions for Employment Termination Benefits	23	7.505.899	3.065.139					
2- Provisions for Pension Fund Deficits	47	-	595.238					
H-Deferred Income and Expense Accruals	47	-	395.238					
1- Deferred Commission Income		-	-					
2- Expense Accruals		-	-					
3- Other Deferred Income	47	-	595.238					
I- Other Long-Term Liabilities		-						
1- Deferred Tax Liabilities		-	-					
2- Other Long-Term Liabilities		-	-					
IV - Total Long-Term Liabilities		68.670.332	55.975.144					

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

E	QUITY		
V- Equity	Note	Audited Current Period December 31, 2021	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period December 31, 2020
A- Paid in Capital		190.000.000	190.000.000
1- (Nominal) Capital	2.13,15	190.000.000	190.000.000
2- Unpaid Capital (-)		-	-
3- Positive Capital Restatement Differences		-	-
4- Negative Capital Restatement Differences (-)		-	-
5- Unregistered Capital		-	-
B- Capital Reserves		100.047	100.042
1- Share Premiums		-	-
2- Cancellation Profits of Equity Shares		-	-
3- Profit on Sale Assets That Will Be Transferred to Capital		-	-
4- Currency Translation Adjustments		-	-
5- Other Capital Reserves		100.047	100.042
C- Profit Reserves	15	1.604.994.279	1.395.750.272
1- Legal Reserves	15	63.006.679	42.777.778
2- Statutory Reserves		-	-
3- Extraordinary Reserves	15	1.570.403.191	1.365.479.436
4- Special Funds	15	(1.855.992)	(1.470.628)
5- Revaluation of Financial Assets	15	(35.367.656)	(19.844.371)
6- Other Profit Reserves	15	8.808.057	8.808.057
D- Retained Earnings		-	-
1- Retained Earnings		-	-
E- Accumulated Losses		(54.350.069)	-
1- Accumulated Losses	2.1.1	(54.350.069)	-
F-Net Profit/(Loss) for the Year		323.548.748	382.591.600
1- Net Profit for the Year		323.548.748	382.591.600
2- Net Loss for the Year		-	-
3- Net Profit for the Period not Subject to Distribution		-	-
V- Total Equity		2.064.293.005	1.968.441.914
Total Equity And Liabilities		7.329.146.278	5.999.685.482

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

L TECHNICAL SECTION	Nete	Audited Current Period January 1-	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period January 1-
I-TECHNICAL SECTION	Note	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
A- Non-Life Technical Income		2.375.405.097	2.515.710.028
1- Earned Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Share)	17	1.850.296.054	2.150.199.675
1.1- Written Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Share)	17	1.857.536.676	2.017.847.654
1.1.1- Written Premiums, gross	17,24	3.455.290.096	3.332.713.298
1.1.2- Written Premiums, ceded	10,17,24	(1.498.103.870)	(1.177.010.044)
1.1.3- Written Premiums, SSI share	24	(99.649.550)	(137.855.600)
1.2- Change in Reserve for Unearned Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Shares and Less the Amounts			
Carried Forward)	17,29	30.050.009	135.762.785
1.2.1- Reserve for Unearned Premiums, gross	17	(197.375.921)	90.932.017
1.2.2- Reserve for Unearned Premiums, ceded	10,17	240.537.100	61.623.166
1.2.3- Reserve for Unearned Premiums, SSI share	17	(13.111.170)	(16.792.398)
1.3- Change in Reserve for Unexpired Risks (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts		(10111111)	(1007)200707
Carried Forward)	17,29	(37.290.631)	(3.410.764)
1.3.1- Reserve for Unexpired Risks, gross	17,25	(73.135.655)	(24.232.759)
1.3.2- Reserve for Unexpired Risks, getes	17	35.845.024	20.821.995
1.5.2- Reserve to Onexpired Risks, ceded			
2- Investment Income - Transferred from Non-Technical Section	17	465.989.269	312.109.308
3- Other Technical Income (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
3.1- Other Technical Income, gross		-	-
3.2- Other Technical Income, ceded		-	-
4. Accrued Salvage and Subrogation Income	17	59.119.774	53.401.045
B- Non-Life Technical Expense		(2.181.462.380)	(2.098.692.893)
1- Incurred Losses (Net of Reinsurer Share)	17	(1.632.651.723)	(1.569.866.605)
1.1- Claims Paid (Net of Reinsurer Share)	17,29	(1.416.200.210)	(1.099.215.082)
1.1.1- Claims Paid, gross	17	(2.071.316.259)	(1.522.869.422)
1.1.2- Claims Paid, ceded	10	655.116.049	423.654.340
1.2- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts	10	055.110.047	+25.05+.5+0
Carried Forward)	17.20	(216, 451, 512)	(170 651 522)
1.2.1- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims, gross	17,29 17	(216.451.513) (745.265.779)	(470.651.523) (638.778.673)
		\ /	
1.2.2- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims, ceded	17	528.814.266	168.127.150
2- Change in Provision for Bonus and Discounts (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts			
Carried Forward)	1-	(910.270)	4.313.436
2.1- Provision for Bonus and Discounts, gross	17	(910.270)	4.313.436
2.2- Provision for Bonus and Discounts, ceded		-	-
3- Change in Other Technical Reserves (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried			
Forward)	17	(9.871.532)	(7.173.272)
4- Operating Expenses	32	(477.419.181)	(466.846.513)
5- Change in Mathematical Provisions (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried			
Forward)		-	-
6- Other Technical Expense	47	(60.609.674)	(59.119.939)
6.1- Other Technical Expense, gross	47	(60.609.674)	(59,119,939)
6.2- Other Technical Expense, geos	.,	(00.007.071)	(3).11).337
C- Net Technical Income-Non-Life (A – B)		193.942.717	417.017.135
		193.942./17	417.017.155
D-Life Technical Income		-	-
1- Earned Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
1.1- Written Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
1.1.1- Written Premiums, gross		-	-
1.1.2- Written Premiums, ceded		-	-
1.2- Change in Reserve for Unearned Premiums (Net of Reinsurer Shares and Less the Amounts			
Carried Forward)		-	-
1.2.1- Reserve for Unearned Premiums, gross		-	-
1.2.2- Reserve for Unearned Premiums, ceded		-	-
1.3- Change in Reserve for Unexpired Risks (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts			
Carried Forward)		_	-
1.3.1- Reserve for Unexpired Risks, gross	1	-	_
1.3.2- Reserve for Unexpired Risks, geos		-	-
	1	-	-
2- Investment Income		-	-
3- Unrealized Gains on Investments		-	-
4- Other Technical Income (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
4.1- Other Technical Income, gross		-	-
4.2- Other Technical Income, ceded		-	-

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

I-TECHNICAL SECTION	Note	Audited Current Period January 1- December 31, 2021	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period January 1- December 31, 2020
E- Life Technical Expense	11010		
1- Incurred Losses (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
1.1- Claims Paid (Net of Reinsurer Share)		-	-
1.1.1- Claims Paid, gross		-	-
1.1.2- Claims Paid, ceded		-	-
1.2- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried Forward)		_	_
1.2.1- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims, gross		-	-
1.2.2- Change in Provisions for Outstanding Claims, ceded		-	-
2- Change in Provision for Bonus and Discounts (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried Forward)		-	-
2.1- Provision for Bonus and Discounts, gross		-	-
2.2- Provision for Bonus and Discounts, ceded		-	-
3- Change in Life Mathematical Provisions (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried			
Forward)		-	-
3.1- Change in Mathematical Provisions, gross		-	-
3.1.1-Actuarial Mathematical Reserve			
3.1.2- Profit Share Reserve (Provision for Policies Relating to Life Insurance Policyholders)			
3.2- Change in Mathematical Provisions, ceded		-	-
3.2.1- Actuarial Mathematical Reserve, ceded			
3.2.2- Profit Share Reserve, ceded (Provision for Policies Relating to Life Insurance Policyholders)			
4- Change in Other Technical Reserves (Net of Reinsurer Share and Less the Amounts Carried			
Forward)		-	-
5- Operating Expenses		-	-
6- Investment Expenses		-	-
7- Unrealized Losses on Investments		-	-
8- Investment Income Transferred to the Non-Life Technical Section		-	-
F- Net Technical Income- Life (D – E)		-	-
G- Pension Business Technical Income		-	-
1- Fund Management Income		-	-
2- Management Fee		-	-
3- Entrance Fee Income		-	-
4- Management Expense Charge in case of Suspension		-	-
5- Income from Private Service Charges		-	-
6- Increase in Value of Capital Allowances Given as Advance		-	-
7- Other Technical Expense		-	-
H- Pension Business Technical Expense		-	-
1- Fund Management Expense		-	-
2- Decrease in Value of Capital Allowances Given as Advance		-	-
3- Operating Expenses		-	-
4- Other Technical Expenses		-	-
I- Net Technical Income - Pension Business (G – H)		-	-

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

			Audited
		Audited	Restated (*)
		Current Period	Prior Period
		January 1-	January 1-
II-NON-TECHNICAL SECTION	Note	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
C- Net Technical Income – Non-Life (A-B)		193.942.717	417.017.135
F- Net Technical Income – Life (D-E)		-	-
I - Net Technical Income – Pension Business (G-H)		-	-
J- Total Net Technical Income (C+F+I)		193.942.717	417.017.135
K- Investment Income		1.897.742.768	1.264.891.627
1- Income from Financial Assets	4.2	263.374.842	229.295.666
2- Income from Disposal of Financial Assets		-	-
3- Valuation of Financial Assets	11	1.002.293	13.074.708
4- Foreign Exchange Gains	4.2	1.597.165.826	889.537.786
5- Income from Associates	4.2	233.802	56.875
6- Income from Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
7- Income from Property, Plant and Equipment	4.2	94.163	75.880
8- Income from Derivative Transactions	4.2	35.871.842	131.137.658
9- Other Investments	4.2	-	1.713.054
10- Income Transferred from Life Section		-	-
L- Investment Expense		(1.573.044.810)	(1.144.251.205)
1- Investment Management Expenses (inc. interest)		(12.791.858)	(8.663.995)
2- Diminution in Value of Investments		-	-
3- Loss from Disposal of Financial Assets		-	-
4- Investment Income Transferred to Non-Life Technical Section	17	(465.989.269)	(312.109.308)
5- Loss from Derivative Transactions	4.2	(645.738.659)	(600.692.383)
6- Foreign Exchange Losses	4.2	(420.750.234)	(204.476.052)
7- Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	6.8	(25.881.493)	(18,309,467)
8- Other Investment Expenses	- / -	(1.893.297)	-
M- Income and Expenses From Other and Extraordinary Operations		60.322.003	(20.702.862)
1- Provisions	47	(64.577.652)	(40.377.575)
2- Rediscounts	47	(9.822.232)	(2.940.831)
3- Specified Insurance Accounts		-	(
4- Monetary Gains and Losses		-	-
5- Deferred Taxation (Deferred Tax Assets)	35	134.919.959	22.015.917
6- Deferred Taxation (Deferred Tax Liabilities)	35	-	
7- Other Income	47	2.627.121	2.640.794
8- Other Expenses and Losses	47	(2.825.193)	(2.041.167)
9- Prior Year's Income	.,	(2:025:175)	(2.011.107)
10- Prior Year's Expenses and Losses		-	-
N- Net Profit for the Year		323.548.748	382.591.600
1- Profit for the Year		578.962.678	516.954.695
2- Corporate Tax Provision and Other Fiscal Liabilities	35	(255.413.930)	(134.363.095)
3- Net Profit for the Year	55	323.548.748	382.591.600
4- Monetary Gains and Losses			

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

	Note	Audited Current Period December 31, 2021	Audited Restated (*) Prior Period December 31, 2020
A. Cash flows from operating activities		,	,
1. Cash provided from insurance activities		4.423.087.456	3.924.270.141
2. Cash provided from reinsurance activities		-	-
3. Cash provided from private pension business		-	-
4. Cash used in insurance activities		(4.303.270.127)	(3.103.364.211)
5. Cash used in reinsurance activities		_	-
6. Cash used in private pension business		-	-
7. Cash provided from operating activities		119.817.329	820.905.930
8. Interest paid		-	-
9. Income taxes paid	19	(52.475.335)	(264.542.044)
10. Other cash inflows		64.224.814	3.075.834
11. Other cash outflows		(488.887.661)	(533.103.415)
12. Net cash provided from operating activities		(357.320.853)	26.336.305
B. Cash flows from investing activities		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1. Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets	6,8	-	8.003.952
2. Acquisition of tangible assets	6,8	(93.143.348)	(18.959.319)
3. Acquisition of financial assets	11	(3.314.596.890)	(3.250.771.005)
4. Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	11	3.146.459.215	2.610.048.779
5. Interests received		264.938.032	186.967.320
6. Dividends received		233.802	56.875
7. Other cash inflows		493.070.230	352.292.256
8. Other cash outflows		(161.470.393)	(117.016.059)
9. Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities		335.490.648	(229.377.201)
C. Cash flows from financing activities			
1. Equity shares issued		-	-
2. Cash provided from loans and borrowings		-	-
3. Finance lease payments		_	-
4. Dividends paid	2.23	(211.789.009)	-
5. Other cash inflows		_	-
6. Other cash outflows		-	-
7. Net cash provided by financing activities		(211.789.009)	-
D. Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents		54.502.648	3.942.238
E. Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(179.116.566)	(199.098.658)
F. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2.12	1.545.321.729	1.744.420.387
G. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2.12	1.366.205.163	1.545.321.729

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

			Audi	ited Changes in Eq	uity – Decembe	r 31, 2021						
	Note	Paid-in capital	Own shares of the company	Revaluation of financial assets	Inflation adjustment	Currency translation adjustment	Legal reserves	Statutory reserves	Other reserves and retained earnings	Net profit for the year	Retained earnings	Total
I - Balance at the end of the previous year – December 31, 2020		190.000.000	-	(19.844.371)	-	-	42.777.778	-	1.372.916.907	382.591.600	-	1.968.441.914
II- Changes in Accounting Policy		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III- New Balances January 1, 2021		190.000.000	-	(19.844.371)	-	-	42.777.778	-	1.372.916.907	382.591.600	-	1.968.441.914
A- Capital increase		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1- In cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2- From reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B- Purchase of own shares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C- Gains or losses that are not included in the statement of income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D- Change in the value of financial assets		-	-	(15.523.285)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15.523.285)
E- Currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F- Other gains or losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(385.363)	-	-	(385.363)
G- Inflation adjustment differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
H- Net profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	323.548.748	-	323.548.748
I – Dividends paid	2.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(211.789.009)	-	(211.789.009)
J- Other reserves and transfers from retained earnings	2.23, 15	-	-	-	-	-	20.228.901	-	204.923.759	(170.802.591)	(54.350.069)	-
II - Balance at the end of the year – December 31, 2021		190.000.000	-	(35.367.656)	-	-	63.006.679	-	1.577.455.303	323.548.748	(54.350.069)	2.064.293.005
			Audited I	Restated Changes i	in Equity – Dece	ember 31, 2020						
			Own shares			Currency			Other reserves			
			of the	Revaluation of	Inflation	translation		Statutory	and retained	Net profit for	Retained	
	Note	Paid-in capital	company	financial assets	adjustment	adjustment	Legal reserves	reserves	earnings	the year	earnings	Total
I - Balance at the end of the previous year –December 31, 2019		190.000.000	-	11.386.831	-	-	54.315.038	-	891.059.937	470.543.039	-	1.617.304.845
II- Changes in Accounting Policy		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III- New Balances January 1, 2020		190.000.000	-	11.386.831	-	-	54.315.038	-	891.059.937	470.543.039	-	1.617.304.845
A- Capital increase		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1- In cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2- From reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B- Purchase of own shares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C- Gains or losses that are not included in the statement of income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D- Change in the value of financial assets		-	-	(31.231.202)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31.231.202)
E- Currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F- Other gains or losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(223.329)	-	-	(223.329)
G- Inflation adjustment differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
H- Net profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	382.591.600	-	382.591.600
I – Dividends paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
J- Other reserves and transfers from retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(11.537.260)	-	482.080.299	(470.543.039)	-	-
II - Balance at the end of the year – December 31, 2020		190.000.000		(19.844.371)			42.777.778		1.372.916.907	382.591.600		1.968.441.914

(*) Detailed information related to restated financial statements are presented in Note 2.1.1 "Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used".

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Statement of Profit Distribution For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))

	Note	Current Period December 31, 2021(**)	Prior Period December 31, 2020
1.DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	Note		December 31, 2020
1. PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD (*)		444.042.719	562.876.364
1.2. TAXES PAYABLE AND LEGAL LIABILITIES		(120.493.971)	(125.934.695)
1.2.1. Corporate tax (Income Tax)		(255.413.930)	(125.554.655)
1.2.2. Income Tax Deduction		(235.415.750)	(134.303.073)
1.2.3. Other Tax and Legal Liabilities		134.919.959	8.428.400
A NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD (1.1 – 1.2)		323.548.748	436.941.669
1.3. PREVIOUS YEARS' LOSSES (-)		(54.350.069)	430.941.009
1.4. 1.4. FIRST LEGAL RESERVE		(34.330.009)	-
1.4. 1.4. FIRST LEGAL RESERVE	2.23	(217.294.662)	-
B NET DISTRIBUTABLE PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD [(A - (1.3 +	2.23	(217.294.002)	-
1.4 + 1.5)] (*)		51.904.017	447.015.887
1.6. FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)		-	(9.500.000)
1.6.1. To Common Shareholders		-	(9.500.000)
1.6.2. To Preferred Shareholders		-	-
1.6.3 1.6.3 To Owners of Participating Redeemed Shares		-	-
1.6.4 1.6.4 To Owners Of Profit-sharing Securities		-	-
1.6.5 1.6.5 To Owners Of Profit And Loss Sharing			
Securities		-	-
1.7. DIVIDEND TO EMPLOYEES (-)		-	-
1.8. DIVIDEND TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)		-	-
1.9. SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)		-	(202.289.009)
1.9.1. To Common Shareholders		-	(202.289.009)
1.9.2. To Preferred Shareholders		-	-
1.9.3 To Owners of Participating Redeemed Shares		-	-
1.9.4 To Owners Of Profit-sharing Securities		-	-
1.9.5 To Owners Of Profit And Loss Sharing Securities		-	-
1.10. SECOND LEGAL RESERVE (-) (*)		-	(20.228.901)
1.11. STATUTORY RESERVE (-)		-	-
1.12. EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES (*)		-	(204.923.759)
1.13. OTHER RESERVES		-	-
1.14. SPECIAL FUNDS		-	-
II. DISTRIBUTION FROM RESERVES		-	-
2.1. DISTRIBUTED RESERVES		-	-
2.2. SECOND LEGAL RESERVE (-)		-	-
2.3. DIVIDENDS TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)		-	-
2.3.1. To Common Shareholders		-	-
2.3.2. To Preferred Shareholders		-	-
2.3.3 To Owners of Participating Redeemed Shares		-	-
2.3.4 To Owners Of Profit-sharing Securities		-	-
2.3.5 To Owners Of Profit And Loss Sharing Securities		-	-
2.4. DIVIDENDS TO EMPLOYEES (-)		-	-
2.5. DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)		-	-
III. PROFIT PER SHARE		-	-
3.1. TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS		_	0,023
3.2. TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS (%)		-	229,97
3.3. TO PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS		-	-
3.4. TO PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS (%)		-	
IV. DIVIDEND PER SHARE			
4.1. TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS		-	0,011
4.2. TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS (%)			111.47
4.3. TO PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS			-
4.4. TO PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS (%)		-	-
		I	

(*) At the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Company dated March 30, 2021, it has been decided to reserve TL 20.228.901 as secondary legal reserves pursuant to Turkish Commercial Code 519, TL 211.789.009 distribute to shareholder as gross dividend and TL 204.923.759 transfer to extraordinary reserves regarding TL 436.941.669 the net profit of 2020.

(**) Authorized member for profit distribution is General Assembly and as of financial statements date General Assembly meeting did not take place yet. Since profit distribution proposal for financial year 2021 is not yet prepared by Board of Directors, in 2021 profit distribution table only distributable net income for the period is stated.

1. General Information

1.1. Name and Structure of the Parent Company

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, capital group of Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi (Formerly known as Sompo Japan Sigorta Anonim Şirketi) ("Company") whose capital is directly or indirectly controlled is Sompo International Holdings Inc.

The Company was established in Turkey on March 30, 2001, pursuant to the license obtained from Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance to engage in all types of property and casualty insurance and reinsurance business under the name of Fiba Sigorta Anonim Şirketi. The Company's legal title was changed to Finans Sigorta Anonim Şirketi from Fiba Sigorta Anonim Şirketi on June 5, 2002 and changed back to Fiba Sigorta Anonim Şirketi from Finans Sigorta Anonim Şirketi through Board of Directors' Resolution numbered 2007/150 and dated August 13, 2007.

As of June 15, 2010, Fiba Holding AŞ, the Company's main shareholder, has signed Share Purchase Agreement with Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. in order to transfer all shares. Following the approval of Turkish Treasury dated October 8, 2010 numbered 47481, the Company's majority portion of shares are transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. on November 2, 2010. European Bank For Reconstruction and Development has been taken over 399.600.000 shares with nominal value of TL 3.996.000 owned by Sompo Japan Insurance Inc on December 15, 2010. It was decided to change the title of the Company to "Sompo Japan Sigorta Anonim Şirketi" at the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held on February 21, 2011.

Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. and Nipponka Insurance Co. merged under Sompo Japan Nipponka Insurance Inc. in 2014. The Company continued its activities under joint stock company after transferring 399.600.000 shares with nominal value of TL 3.996.000 owned by European Bank For Reconstruction to Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. with the decision of Board of Directors numbered 538 dated at October 31, 2016.

According to Extraordinary General Meeting on May 15, 2019, the title of the Company has been decided to change as "Sompo Sigorta A.Ş." which was "Sompo Japan Sigorta A.Ş.", and the decision has been registered in official gazette with 9838 No on May 28, 2019.

On November 7, 2019, the sole shareholder of the Company has changed as "Sompo International Holdings Ltd." and it has published in official gazette with 9956 No on November 21, 2019.

1. General Information

1.2. Residency and legal nature of the organization, its country of incorporation and registered address (or if different than the place of the registered office, the main place of the operation)

The Company is registered at Turkey in 2001 and has the nature of a Joint Stock Company established and organized under the provisions of the Turkish Commercial Code. The Company operates in address of Beykoz-Kavacık, Rüzgarlıbahçe Mahallesi Çam Pınarı Sokak, No: 10 in İstanbul, Turkey.

1.3. Main Operations of the Company

The Company, operates all branches including fire and natural disasters, marine, water crafts, water crafts liability, motor vehicle, third party liability for motor vehicles (MTPL), accident, rail vehicles, air crafts, air crafts liability, general losses, general liability, suretyship, legal protection, credit, illness/health, support and financial losses branches except life branch within the framework of operating licenses received from the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance and Treasury.

1.4. Details of the Company's operations and nature of activities

The Company operates in compliance with the Insurance Law No.5684 (the "Insurance Law") issued on June 14, 2007 in Official Gazette No.26552 and the other regulations and regulations issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance and Treasury. The Company operates in insurance branches stated in Note 1.3. As of December 31, 2021, the Company works with all authorized 2.493 agencies (December 31, 2020: 2.442 agencies).

1.5. Average number of employees during the period by category

The average number of the employees in the period in by categories are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Senior level executives	9	7
Other personnel	641	646
Total	650	653

1.6. Salaries and similar benefits provided to senior-level executives

Total amount of salaries and similar benefits provided to senior-level executives such as chairman and members of Board of Directors and general manager, assistant general managers as of January 1, – December 31, 2021 period is TL 34.203.135 (December 31, 2020: TL 14.140.380).

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

1. General Information (continued)

1.7. Keys used in distribution of investment income and operating expenses (personnel, management, research & development, marketing and sales, outsourced utilities and services and other operating expenses) in the financial statements

In accordance with the January 4, 2008 dated and 2008/1 numbered "Communiqué Related to the Procedures and Principles for the Keys Used in the Financial Statements Being Prepared In Accordance With Insurance Accounting Plan" issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance, the number of policies generated for each sub-branch in the last 3 years is distributed according to average of 3 ratios that are proportion of gross written premium number and claim notification number to total issued policy number, proportion of gross written premium number and claim notification number to gross written premium number and proportion of gross written premium number and claim number and claim notification number to claim notification number.

The Company transferred the entire income it obtained from investment of financial assets form non-technical section to technical section and left the other investment income in the non-technical section. As of December 31, 2021, the income transferred from non-technical to technical section this way is TL 465.989.269 (December 31, 2020: TL 312.109.308).

1.8. Whether the financial statements contain a single company or a group of companies

The accompanying financial statements only contain the financial information of Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi.

1.9. Name and other identification of the reporting entity and any changes occurred in this information since the previous balance sheet date

Company Legal Title:	Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi
Company Headquarter Address:	Kavacık Rüzgarlıbahçe Mahallesi
	Çam Pınarı Sk. No:10, Beykoz / İstanbul
Company's Web page Address:	www.somposigorta.com.tr

The Company changed its headquarter address after previous reporting period. The address information of the Company as of the end of the previous reporting period is as follows:

Company Previous Headquarter	Kavacık Rüzgarlıbahçe Mahallesi Cumhuriyet Caddesi,
Address:	No:10 Acarlar İş Merkezi, C Blok, Beykoz / İstanbul

1.10 Events Occurred after the Balance Sheet Date

Events occurred after the balance sheet date have been disclosed in Note 46.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

2.1. Principles of Preparation

2.1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used

The Company maintains its books of account and prepares its financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), and other accounting and financial reporting principles, statements and guidance (collectively "the Reporting Standards") in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to the Financial Reporting of Insurance, Reinsurance, and Individual Pension Companies" as promulgated by the T.C. Ministry of Treasury and Finance based on Article 18 of the Insurance Law and Article 11 of the 4632 numbered Individual Pension Savings and Investment System Law ("Individual Retirement Law").

According to numbered 4th related law Accounting for subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures is, consolidated financial statements, financial statements which disclosed public regulated by the T.C. Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

Insurance and Reinsurance and Pension Companies prepares financial statements according to Communiqué on Presentation of Financial Statements of the Turkish Republic Ministry of Treasury and Finance that entered into force and published on the Official Gazette dated April 18, 2008 and numbered 26851.

Financial Statements are prepared accordance with the prevailing accounting principles and standards as per the insurance legislation and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards decree for the matters not regulated by insurance legislation

The balance sheet and the statement of income for the period ended December 31, 2021 is approved by the Company Board of Directors on March 15, 2022. The Company's General Assembly and/or legal authorities has the right to change the accompanying financial statements.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

The differences between the accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs, and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed, and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), may have significant influence on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries other than Turkey and IFRS.

Comparative Financial Information ve Adjustments to Prior Year Financials

The Company presented balance sheet prepared as of December 31, 2021 in comparison with restated balance sheet dated December 31, 2020; Income statement, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the accounting period of December 31, 2021 in comparison with the restated income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the accounting period of December 31, 2020.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has changed the fair value calculation method for derivative transactions. In addition, as of December 31, 2021, bank deposits with original maturity of more than three months are classified as held-to-maturity financial assets.

In this context, the balance sheet dated December 31, 2020 and the income statement for the December 31, 2020 accounting period have been restated. The effects of the relevant regulations are presented in the tables below:

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Principles of Preparation (continued)

2.1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Specific Accounting Policies Used (continued)

Comparative Financial Information ve Adjustments to Prior Year Financials (continued)

	Reported Prior Period December 31, 2020	Restatement Effect	Restated Prior Period December 31, 2020
Current assets	5.804.116.088	(22.740.608)	5.781.375.480
Banks	2.156.989.743	(1.098.286.408)	1.058.703.335
Held to maturity financial assets	1.063.014.636	1.098.286.408	2.161.301.044
Income Accruals	107.410.991	(22.740.608)	84.670.383
Non-current assets	204.722.485	13.587.517	218.310.002
Deferred Tax Assets	31.412.833	13.587.517	45.000.350
Total assets	6.008.838.573	(9.153.091)	5.999.685.482
Short-Term Liabilities	3.911.470.740	63.797.684	3.975.268.424
Other Financial Liabilities	142.762.281	45.196.978	187.959.259
Deposits and Guarantees Received	-	13.112.611	13.112.611
Provisions for Costs	23.146.578	5.488.095	28.634.673
Long-Term Liabilities	74.575.850	(18.600.706)	55.975.144
Deposits and Guarantees Received	13.112.611	(13.112.611)	-
Other Long-Term Liabilities	5.488.095	(5.488.095)	-
Equity	2.022.791.983	(54.350.069)	1.968.441.914
Net Profit for the Period	436.941.669	(54.350.069)	382.591.600
Total equity and liabilities	6.008.838.573	(9.153.091)	5.999.685.482
	Reported Prior Period December 31, 2020	Restatement Effect	Restated Prior Period December 31, 2020
Investment Income	1.287.632.235	(22.740.608)	1.264.891.627
Income from Derivative Transactions	153.878.266	(22.740.608)	131.137.658
Investment Expense	(1.099.054.227)	(45.196.978)	(1.144.251.205)
Loss from Derivative Transactions	(555.495.405)	(45.196.978)	(600.692.383)
Income and Expenses From Other and	-	. ,	. ,
Extraordinary Operations	(34.290.379)	13.587.517	(20.702.862)
Deferred Taxation (Deferred Tax Assets)	8.428.400	13.587.517	22.015.917
Net Profit for the Period	436.941.669	(54.350.069)	382.591.600

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in comparison with the previous period in order to determine the financial position, performance and cash flows of the Company. When the presentation or classification of the items of the financial statements changes, in order to ensure comparability, the financial statements of the previous period are reclassified accordingly and explained in notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.2. Other accounting policies as applicable for better understanding of financial statements

Adjustment of Financial Statements in High Inflation Periods

In accordance with the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance's statement no: 19387 issued on April 4, 2005, the Company's financial statements as of December 31, 2004 are adjusted and its 2005 openings are prepared based on the requirements set out in "the preparation of financial statements in hyperinflationary periods" specified in the Capital Market Board's (CMB) Decree Volume: XI, No: 25 "Accounting Standards in Capital Markets" which was published in the Official Gazette No: 25290 on January 15, 2003. In addition, the preparation of financial statements in hyperinflationary periods has not been applied in accordance with the statement of the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Therefore, as of March 31,2014 and December 31, 2012, non-monetary balance sheet assets and liabilities and equity items, including capital share, are calculated by indexing of inputs as of December 31, 2004 (for inputs prior to December 31, 2004) and carrying inputs subsequent to December 31, 2004 at nominal value.

In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies does not apply to the TFRS financial statements as of December 31, 2021, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to Consumer Price Index (CPI) is 74.41%. In this respect, financial statements as of December 31, 2021 are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29.

2.1.3. Functional Currency

The accompanying financial statements are presented in TL, which is the Company's functional currency.

2.1.4 Rounding grade of amounts presented in financial statements

Financial information given in TL is rounded to the nearest full TL value.

2.1.5 Measurement basis used to prepare financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, adjusted for the effects of inflation accounting until December 31, 2004, which is the end of the hyperinflationary period, except for those financial assets held for trading that are measured at fair value where reliable measurement is possible.

2.1.6. Changes and errors in accounting policies

Significant changes in accounting policies and significant accounting errors detected are applied retrospectively and the financial statements of the previous period are rearranged. There is no change in accounting policy and no significant accounting errors detected in the current period.

Changes in the accounting estimates are applied in the current period in which the change is made, if the change relates only to one period, and are applied prospectively in future periods, if they are related to future periods. The accounting estimates have not been changed in the current period.

The clarification of accounting policies has been given in 3 - Significant accounting estimates and decisions note.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the financial statements as of December 31, 2021 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations effective as of January 1, 2021. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Company's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

i) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as of January 1, 2021 are as follows:

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 – Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16

In December 2020, the POA issued Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2, Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 to provide temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offering rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free rate (RFR, amending the followings. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021. Earlier application is permitted.

Practical expedient for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of IBOR reform

The amendments include a practical expedient to require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest. Under this practical expedient, if the interest rates applicable to financial instruments change as a result of the IBOR reform, the situation is not considered as a derecognition or contract modification; instead, this would be determined by recalculating the carrying amount of the financial instrument using the original effective interest rate to discount the revised contractual cash flows.

The practical expedient is required for entities applying TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts that are using the exemption from TFRS 9 Financial Instruments (and, therefore, apply TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement) and for TFRS 16 Leases, to lease modifications required by IBOR reform.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted (continued)

Relief from discontinuing hedging relationships

- The amendments permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued.
- Amounts accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve are deemed to be based on the RFR.
- For the TAS 39 assessment of retrospective hedge effectiveness, on transition to an RFR, entities may elect on a hedge-by-hedge basis, to reset the cumulative fair value changes to zero.
- The amendments provide relief for items within a designated group of items (such as those forming part of a macro cash flow hedging strategy) that are amended for modifications directly required by IBOR reform. The reliefs allow the hedging strategy to remain and not be discontinued.
- As instruments transition to RFRs, a hedging relationship may need to be modified more than once. The phase two reliefs apply each time a hedging relationship is modified as a direct result of IBOR reform.

Separately identifiable risk components

The amendments provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component.

Additional disclosures

Amendments need additional TFRS 7 Financial Instruments disclosures such as; How the entity is managing the transition to RFRs, its progress and the risks to which it is exposed arising from financial instruments due to IBOR reform, quantitative information about financial instruments that have yet to transition to RFRs and If IBOR reform has given rise to changes in the entity's risk management strategy, a description of these changes.

The amendments are mandatory, with earlier application permitted. While application is retrospective, an entity is not required to restate prior periods.

The amendments are not applicable for the Company and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Company.

Amendments to TFRS 16 – Covid-19 Rent Related Concessions

In June, 2020, the POA issued amendments to TFRS 16 Leases to provide relief to lessees from applying TFRS 16 guidance on lease modifications to rent concessions arising a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic. On April 7, 2021, the POA made an amendment to extend the exemption to include concessions that cause a decrease in rental payments due on or before June 30, 2022.

Tenants will apply this change in annual accounting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. Early application is permitted.

Overall, the company does not expect a significant impact on the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted (continued)

ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the financial statements are as follows. The Company will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

TFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)

In December 2017, POA postponed the effective date of this amendment indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. Early application of the amendments is still permitted. The Company will wait until the final amendment to assess the impacts of the changes.

Amendments to TFRS 3 – Reference to the Conceptual Framework

In July 2020, the POA issued amendments to TFRS 3 Business combinations. The amendments are intended to replace to a reference to a previous version of the Conceptual Framework (the 1989 Framework) with a reference to the current version issued in March 2018 (the Conceptual Framework) without significantly changing requirements of TFRS 3. At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to TFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The amendments issued to TFRS 3 which are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and must be applied prospectively. Earlier application is permitted if, at the same time or earlier, an entity also applies all of the amendments contained in the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in TFRS standards (March 2018).

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Amendments to TAS 16 – Proceeds before intended use

In July 2020, the POA issued amendments to TAS 16 Property, plant and equipment. The amendment prohibits entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment (PP&E), any proceeds of the sale of items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and costs of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments issued to TAS 16 which are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Amendments must be applied retrospectively only to items of PP&E made available for use on or after beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment. There is no transition relief for the first time adopters.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Amendments to TAS 37 – Onerous contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

In July 2020, the POA issued amendments to TAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets. The amendments issued to TAS 37 which are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022,

to specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making and also apply a "directly related cost approach". Amendments must be applied retrospectively to contracts for which an entity has not fulfilled all of its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application). Earlier application is permitted.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted (continued)

TFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts

The POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. Certain changes in the estimates of future cash flows and the risk adjustment are also recognised over the period that services are provided. Entities will have an option to present the effect of changes in discount rates either in profit and loss or in OCI. The standard includes specific guidance on measurement and presentation for insurance contracts with participation features. TFRS 17 will enter into force for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and early application is permitted for entities that have applied TFRS 9 Financial Instruments and TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers on or before this date. According to the amendments published by POA in December 2021, enterprises have the option to "overlap classification" in order to eliminate possible accounting mismatches between financial assets and insurance contract liabilities in the comparative information presented when TFRS 17 is applied for the first time.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the standard on financial position and performance of the Company.

Amendments to TAS 1- Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities

On January 2021, the POA issued amendments to TAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The amendments issued to TAS 1 which are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, clarify the criteria for the classification of a liability as either current or non-current. Amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. Early application is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Amendments to TAS 8- Definition of Accounting Estimates

In August 2021, POA published amendments to TAS 8 that introduce a new definition for "accounting estimates". The amendments published for TAS 8 are valid for annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and correction of errors. In addition, the amended standard clarifies that the effects of a change in input or a change in a measurement technique on the accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates unless they result from a correction for prior period errors. The previous definition of change in accounting estimate indicated that changes in accounting estimates could result from new information or new developments. Therefore, such changes are not considered as corrections of errors. This aspect of the definition has been preserved by the POA. Changes will apply to accounting estimates or accounting policy changes that occur on or after the effective date, with early application permitted.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted (continued)

Amendments to TAS 1 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies

In August 2021, POA published amendments to TAS 1 in order to provide guidance and examples to help businesses apply materiality estimates to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments published in TAS 1 are valid for annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Due to the lack of a definition of the term "significant" in TFRS, POA has decided to replace this term with "significant" in the context of disclosing accounting policy information. 'Significant' is a term defined in TFRS and is widely understood by users of financial statements according to POA. In assessing the materiality of accounting policy information, entities need to consider both the size of transactions, other events or conditions, and their nature. In addition, examples of situations in which the entity may consider accounting policy information to be important are included.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Amendments to TAS 12 – Deferred Tax on assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

In August 2021, POA published amendments to TAS 12 that narrows the scope of the initial recognition exemption and thus ensures that the exemption is not applied to transactions that result in equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Amendments to TAS 12 are valid for annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Given applicable tax law, the amendments clarify that where payments on a liability are tax-deductible, whether such deductions are attributed to the recognized liability (and interest expense) or tax-related asset component (and interest expense) is a matter of jurisdiction. This judgment is important in determining whether there is any temporary difference in initial recognition of the asset and liability. Changes apply to transactions that occur at or after the beginning of the earliest period presented comparatively. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, deferred tax asset (provided there is sufficient taxable income) and deferred tax liability are recognized for all deductible and taxable temporary differences related to leases and decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position and performance of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1. Basis of Preparation (continued)

2.1.7. New Standards and Comments which are not yet adopted (continued)

Annual Improvements – 2018–2020 Cycle

In July 2020, the POA issued Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018–2020 Cycle, amending the followings:

- TFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Subsidiary as a first-time adopter: The amendment permits a subsidiary to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent. The amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture.
- TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Fees in the "10 per cent test" for derecognition of financial liabilities: The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either borrower or lender on the other's behalf.
- TAS 41 Agriculture Taxation in fair value measurements: The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of TAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value of assets within the scope of TAS 41.

Improvements are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Earlier application is permitted for all.

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments / improvements on financial position or performance of the Company.

2.2. Consolidation

It is requested to publish consolidated financial statements according to "Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Insurance and Reinsurance Companies and Pension Companies" ("Consolidation Communiqué") published by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance in the Official Gazette No: 21097 dated December 31, 2008 and insurance, reinsurance and pension companies; In accordance with the Consolidation Communiqué, consolidated financial statements have not been prepared due to the Company has no subsidiaries.

2. Summary of the Accounting Policies (Continued)

2.3. Segment Reporting

An operating segment includes the performance of the Company's business activities, including revenues and expenses incurred from transactions with other segments of operations, generating revenue and expenses, and ensuring that the results of operations are regularly audited and measured by the Board of Directors (as the competent authority to make decisions) and it is a part of financial information noticed. Due to the fact that the main geographical area in which the Company is operating is Turkey, no geographical segment reporting has been presented. Moreover, since the Company continues its activities in the field of non-life insurance, no reports have been presented according to segment.

2.4. Provision for Foreign Currencies

Transactions have been booked in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company. The transactions realized in foreign currency during preparation of the financial statements are converted into the functional currency over the rates effective on the transaction date. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency in the balance sheet are converted into Turkish Lira over the foreign exchange purchase rate of Turkish Central Bank. The exchange rate difference arising from these transactions is included in the income statement.

2.5. Tangible Fixed Asset

Tangible assets have been booked adjusted costs in accordance with inflation for the period until December 31, 2004. Any inflation adjustment is made for tangible assets in after period, the amount has been adopted as the cost amount indexed for inflation as of December 31, 2004. Since January 1, 2005 if the cost of the tangible assets purchased after financial expenses and foreign exchange differences are recognized as amounts deducted from their remaining value.

Gains and losses arising on the disposal of tangible assets are calculated as the difference between net proceeds and net book value of the related tangible asset and reflected in the income statement of the related period.

Normal maintenance and repair costs incurred for tangible assets booked as expense.

There are no changes in accounting estimates that have significant effect on the current period or that are expected to have significant effect on the following periods.

Depreciation rates and estimated useful lives are as follows:

Tangible Assets	Estimated Useful Lives (years)	Depreciation Rates (%)
Buildings	50	2
Fixtures and installations	2-15	6,7-50
Motor vehicles	2-5	20-50
Other tangible assets (including leasehold improvements)	2-5	20-50
Tangible assets acquired through lease	5	20
Right of use assets	2-3	33,3-50

2.6. Investment Properties

Investment property is held to obtain rental income or capital gains or both. Investment properties are measured at acquisition costs to include transaction costs in initial recognition. The Company measures investment property on a cost basis for property, plant and equipment (cost minus accumulated depreciation, minus impairment loss if any) after initial recognition).

2. Summary of the Accounting Policies (Continued)

2.7. Intangible Fixed Assets

The Company's intangible assets consist of software programs. Intangible assets are carried at cost in accordance with TAS 38 – Intangible Assets Accounting Standard. The costs of intangible assets are subject to inflation adjustment considering the period until the end of the high inflation period, which is the date of the entry into force of the law, for the assets entered into the currencies before December 31, 2004 and entries after December 31, 2004 have been reflected to financial statements considering purchase price.

The Company deducts the amortization expense for intangible assets over their useful lives using the straight-line method over their cost value.

2.8. Financial Assets

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, an equity instrument of another entity, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another entity; or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially favorable to the entity.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets as "financial assets held for trading", available-for-sale' (AFS) financial assets, "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and "loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments, are not traded on an active market, and are created by providing money, goods and services to the debtor. Loans and receivables in the financial statements of the Company and provision for impairment are deducted and if there is interest receivable there is discounted value; if it is an interest rate receivable, it is accounted with the amortized cost calculated by the effective interest method.

Financial assets held to maturity are financial assets acquired with the intention to hold to maturity, other than fixed and determinable payments with fixed maturity and loans and receivables, including funding capability, conditions necessary to be held until maturity. Financial assets held to maturity are initially recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses, if any.

Available-for-sale financial assets are the financial assets other than loans and receivables, investments held to maturity and financial assets held for trading.

Some equity instruments quoted in active markets and some debt instruments held by the Company are classified as available-for-sale and are measured at fair value. The Company has some available-for-sale investments that do not have quoted prices in active markets and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized directly in equity, until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is included in the profit or loss for the period. In case of sale or impairment of the investment, the cumulative gain or loss accumulated in the valuation fund of financial assets is classified in the income statement.

Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the date of delivery.

Subsidiaries are classified as financial assets available-for-sale in the Company's financial statements. Subsidiaries that are not traded in organized markets and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recognized in the financial statements at cost after impairment losses are recognized.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights on those assets. In this case, the realization of these rights, and the maturity occurs when the expiration or delivery.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.9 Impairment on assets

Impairment of financial assets

For each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets has suffered an impairment. A financial asset or group of financial assets, and only about being the first to recognize that after one or more loss/ damage event that occurred, and such loss event of the related financial asset or group of assets that can be estimated reliably as a result of the impact on the estimated future cash flows when there is objective evidence that an impairment is assumed to be impaired and an impairment loss occurs.

Receivables are measured at the lower of the net amounts at the end of the period. In the event of a situation that shows that the amounts of the loans and receivables will not be collected on a regular basis, a provision is made up to the amount that can be collected for receivables.

The recoverable amount of equity instruments is the fair value of the instrument. The estimated recoverable amount of debt instruments that are measured at fair value is the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current rate of interest on the market.

An event that occurs after impairment records is reversed if the objective is objectively reversing the impairment. The reversal of the impairment in the financial assets measured at amortized cost and debt securities classified as available-for-sale is based on the income statement. Reversal of impairment on financial assets, which are classified as equity securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets, is directly attributable to equity.

Impairment of fixed assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that its assets may have been impaired. If such an indication exists, it estimates the recoverable amount of the related asset within the scope of TAS 36 - "Accounting Estimates of Impairment of Assets" and allocates provision for impairment if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount of the related asset.

The rediscount and provision expenses for the period have been disclosed in detail in Note 47.

2.10. Derivative financial instruments

As of reporting date, due to forward foreign currency contracts the Company has not income accruals as of December 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020: 84.670.383) and financial liabilities due to forward foreign currency contracts amounting to TL (817.867.507) (December 31, 2020: (187.959.259)). The Company recognizes derivative transactions in accordance with TAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Accounting and Measurement. Derivative transactions are measured at their fair values in the periods following their recognition. Derivative transactions are presented at "Revenue Accruals" or "Other financial liabilities" whether the fair value is positive or negative. Changes in the fair value of the related derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement.

2.11. Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or when the acquisition of the asset and the settlement the liability take place simultaneously.

Revenue and expenses have been stated net as to the profit or loss that arise only as long as the reporting standards permit, or for similar transactions such as the trading of the Company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.12. Cash and Cash Equivalents

"Cash and cash equivalents" that are essential for the preparation of cash flow statements can be expressed as cash on hand, cheques received, other cash and cash equivalents and demand deposits, time deposits in banks with original maturity of three months or less and securities which are not blocked for use.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the details of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Banks	766.891.362	1.058.703.335
Receivables From Credit Cards with Bank Guarantee Due Less		
Than Three Months	590.403.035	480.208.734
	1.357.294.397	1.538.912.069
Interest Income Accruals of Banks	(538.885)	(2.102.075)
Other Cash and Cash Equivalents Discount	9.449.651	8.511.735
Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flows statement	1.366.205.163	1.545.321.729

2.13. Capital

As of December 31, 2021, capital group of the Company whose capital is directly or indirectly controlled is Sompo International Holding Inc. As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company's capital and shareholder structure are as follows:

As of December 31, 2021;

Share Amount (TL)	Share Rate (%)
190.000.000	100,00
190.000.000	100,00
	190.000.000

As of December 31, 2020; Title

Title	Share Amount (TL)	Share Rate (%)
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.	190.000.000	100,00
Paid in Capital	190.000.000	100,00

As of June 15, 2010, Fiba Holding A.Ş, the Company's previous main shareholder, has signed Share Purchase Agreement with Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. in order to transfer all shares. Following the approval of Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance dated October 8, 2010 numbered 47481, the Company's majority portion of shares are transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance Inc on November 2, 2010

As per the resolution of the Board of Directors dated November 1, 2010 numbered 2010/235, total 228.379.200 shares with nominal value of TL 2.283.792 owned by the real person-shareholders before the share transfer to Sompo Japan Insurance Inc., is transferred to Fiba Holding A.Ş.

As per the resolution of the Board of Directors dated November 2, 2010 numbered 2010/237, 2.807.876.700 shares owned by Fiba Holding A.Ş. with nominal value of TL 28.078.767 is transferred to Sompo Japan Asia Holdings Pte, 10.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding A,Ş, with nominal value of TL 100 is transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, 10.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding with nominal value of TL 100 is transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, 10.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding with nominal value of TL 100 is transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance Company of America, 10.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding A,Ş, with nominal value of TL 100 is transferred to Japan Insurance Company of Europe Limited. 385.000.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding AŞ with nominal value of TL 3.850.000 are transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. 385.000.000 shares owned by Fiba Holding AŞ with nominal value of TL 3.850.000 are transferred to Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. 385.000.000 shares owned by Girişim Faktoring AŞ with nominal value of TL 3.850.000 are transferred to Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.

399.600.000 shares owned by Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. with nominal value of TL 3.996.000 is transferred to European Bank for Reconstruction and Development on December 15, 2010.

As per the resolution of the Board of Directors dated December 29, 2010 numbered 2010/268, total 370.833.000 shares with nominal value of TL 370.833 owned by the real person-shareholders is transferred to Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies(continued)

2.13 Capital(continued)

According to the resolution of Board of Directors No. 354 dated January 30, 2013, Sompo Japan Nipponko Asia Holdings Pte. Ltd. Owns 10.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 100, which is owned by Sompo Japan Nipponko Insurance (Singapore) Pte. 10.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 100 which the Company owns in the company, 10.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 100 with the shares of Sompo Japan Nipponko Insurance Company of America, 10,000 shares with a nominal value of TL 100 with the shares of TL 100 have been transferred to Sompo Japan Nipponko Insurance Inc.

According to the resolution of Board of Directors numbered 538 dated October 31, 2016, 399.600.000 shares with nominal value of TL 3.996.000 owned by European Bank For Reconstruction and Development were transferred to Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.

It has been unanimously resolved to increase the total capital of the Company by cash amounting to TL 190,000,000 with the decision of the Board of Directors dated April 24, 2017 and numbered 563 and to amend Article 6 of the Articles of Association of the Company in the framework of the attached amendment text.

According to Extraordinary General Meeting on May 15, 2019, the title of the Company has been decided to change as "Sompo Sigorta A.Ş." which was "Sompo Japan Sigorta A.Ş.", and the decision has been registered in official gazette with 9838 No on May 28, 2019.

On November 7, 2019, the sole shareholder of the Company has changed as "Sompo International Holdings Ltd." and it has published in official gazette with 9956 No on November 21, 2019.

The privileges granted to shares representing the capital: None.

Registered capital system in the Company: None.

The Company's own shares bought back: None.

2.14. Insurance and Investment Contracts – Taxonomy

An insurance contract is a contract under which the Group accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. Insurance risk covers all risks except for financial risks. All premiums received within the scope of insurance contracts are recognized as income under the written premiums account.

Investment contracts are those contracts which transfer financial risk without significant insurance risk. Financial risk is the risk of a possible future change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable, provided, that it is not specific to a party to the contract, in the case of a non-financial variable

As of the reporting date, the Company does not have a contract which is classified as an investment contract.

2.15. Discretionary Participation Features in Insurance and Investment Contracts

Discretionary participation feature ("DPF") within insurance contracts and investment contracts is the right to have following benefits in addition to the guaranteed benefits.

- (*i*) That are likely to comprise a significant portion of the total contractual benefits;
- (ii) Whose amount or timing is contractually at the discretion of the Issuer; and
- (iii) That are contractually based on:
 - (1) The performance of a specified pool of contracts or a specified type of contract;
 - (2) Realized and/or unrealized investments returns on a specified pool of assets held by the Issuer; or
 - (3) The profit or loss of the Company, Fund or other entity that issues the contract.

As of the reporting date, the Company does not have any insurance or investment contracts that contain a DPF.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.16. Investment Contracts Without Discretionary Participation Features

As of the reporting date, the Company does not have any investment contracts without Discretionary Participation Features.

2.17. Payables

Financial liabilities represent liabilities resulting from transactions that require the transfer of cash or another financial asset to another entity. Financial liabilities in the Company's financial statements are stated at discounted value. When a financial liability is paid, it is deducted from the records.

2.18. Taxes

Corporate tax

Corporate income is subject to corporate tax at 20%. However, the corporate tax rate which is 20% pursuant to the temporary article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law; It will be applied at the rate of 25% for corporate earnings in 2021 and 23% for corporate earnings in 2022. This rate is applied to as accounting income modified for certain exceptions (like dividend income) and deductions (like investment incentives) and additions for certain non-tax-deductible expenses and allowances for tax purposes. If there is no distribution planned, no further tax charges are made.

This rate is applied to accounting income modified for certain exemptions (like dividend income) and deductions (like investment incentives), and additions for certain non-tax-deductible expenses and allowances for tax purposes. If there is no dividend distribution planned, no further tax charges are made.

Dividends paid to the resident institutions and the institutions working through local offices or representatives are not subject to withholding tax. Withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the non-resident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions is applied as 10% in accordance with the Presidential Resolution published in the Official Gazette dated December 22, 2021 (2021: 15%). In applying the withholding tax rates on dividend payments to the non-resident institutions and the individuals, the withholding tax rates covered in the related Double Tax Treaty Agreements are taken into account. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

Prepaid taxes are calculated and paid at the rates valid for the earnings of the related years. The payments can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

In accordance with the Turkish Tax Legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. The Company has no deductible financial losses as of the balance sheet dates.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns with their tax offices by the end of 25th of the fourth month following the close of the accounting period to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

With the "Law Amending the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law", which was accepted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly on January 20, 2022, the application of inflation accounting was postponed starting from the balance sheet dated on December 31, 2023.
2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.18. Taxes

Deferred tax

In accordance with TAS 12 – *Turkish Accounting Standard for Income taxes*, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base, except for the differences not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported as net in the financial statements if, and only if, the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity.

In case where gains/losses resulting from the subsequent measurement of the assets are recognized in the statement of income, then the related current and/or deferred tax effects are also recognized in the statement of income. On the other hand, if such gains/losses are recognized as an item under equity, then the related current and/or deferred tax effects are also recognized directly in the equity.

As of December 31, 2021, a tax rate of 23% is used for temporary differences that are expected to occur / close in 2022, and 20% for temporary differences that are expected to occur / close after 2022 (December 31, 2020: Since the effective corporate tax rate on January 1, 2021 is 20%, 20% tax rate has been used for valid differences that are expected to occur / close in 2021 and after).

Transfer pricing

In Turkey, the transfer pricing provisions have been stated under the Article 13 of Corporate Tax Law with the heading of "disguised profit distribution via transfer pricing". The General Communiqué on disguised profit distribution via Transfer Pricing, dated November 18, 2007 sets details about implementation.

According to relevant communiqué, if a taxpayer enters into transactions regarding sale or purchase of goods and services with related parties, where the prices are not set in accordance with arm's length principle, then related profits are considered to be distributed in a disguised manner through transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions through transfer pricing are not accepted as tax deductible for corporate income tax purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.19. Benefits Provided to Employees

Provision for employee termination benefits

In accordance with existing Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities to each employee who has completed one year of service with the Company and whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. The computation of the liability is based upon the retirement pay ceiling announced by the Government. The applicable ceiling amount as of December 31, 2021 is TL 8.285 (December 31, 2020: TL 7.117).

The Company reserved for employee severance indemnities using actuarial method in compliance with the TAS 19-Employee Benefits. Therefore, as of December 31, 2021, actuarial calculations have been made for the related liabilities and recorded as TL 1.855.992 (deferred tax-free) actuarial loss in special funds under equity. (December 31, 2020: TL 1.470.628)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Discount rate	4,50	3,89
Expected rate of salary/limit increase	20,00	15,00

The expected salary/limit increase ratio above is determined according to the government's annual inflation forecasts.

Other benefits

The Company has provided for undiscounted short-term employee benefits earned during the period as per services rendered in compliance with TAS 19 in the accompanying financial statements.

2.20. Provisions

A provision is made for an existing obligation resulting from past events if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are calculated based on the best estimates of management on the expenses to incur as of the reporting date and, if material, such expenses are discounted to their present values. If the amount is not reliably estimated and there is no probability of cash outflow from the Company to settle the liability, the related liability is considered as "contingent" and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, the Company discloses the contingent asset.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.21. Revenue Recognition

Written Premiums

Written premiums represent the remaining amount after cancellations and tax deductions of policy premiums issued in previous years as well as policies issued during the period.

Subrogation and salvage income and other similar income

The accrued or collected subrogation, salvage and similar income items cannot be discounted in calculations related to the provision for outstanding claims that are accrued and determined on account (file outstanding) but are recognized in the income statement and under the relevant receivables account on the active side of the balance sheet.

To accomplish the assessment of salvage and subrogation receivables or income, the acquisition of the right of subrogation, to determine the exact amount and the term should not have been charged by the end of. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, in order to acquire the right of subrogation, compensation must be paid.

According to the Circular No. 2010/13 of the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance dated September 20, 2010, the insurance companies must pay compensation to the insurers without having to obtain repayment from the insurance companies and must have received the insurance from the insurance company or third parties. It is accrued to the extent that the indebtedness of the insurance company to the collateral limit. However, this amount is reserved against the counter insurance company within six months following the payment of the indemnity payment, or against the third party within four months.

On the other hand, if a protocol is signed between the debtor insurance company or the third parties and the repayment receivable together with the payment plan not exceeding twelve months in total within the six and four month periods described above, or if a document such as check or promissory note is taken for payment, Six months for the third person, and four months for the third person, and for the installments that are in the process of acceptance and collection.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has presented no proceedings in gross salvage and subrogation receivables amounting to TL 113.226.394 (December 31, 2020: TL 88.775.172) and reinsurer's share amounting to TL 2.572.670 (December 31, 2020: TL 4.680.654) as subrogation and salvage receivables in receivables from main activities in technical income accounts. The receivable and salvage receivables amounting to gross TL 9.366.129 (December 31, 2020: TL 12.113.167) and the reinsurer share of TL 253.125 (December 31, 2020: TL 1.323.259), which are not collected in the above periods, have been provision in this receivable amount.

However, if a protocol that includes a payment plan exceeding 12 months in total is made or a document is received, a protocol must be signed for the receivable amount exceeding 12 months or maturity, or provision must be made on the date of receipt of the document. In addition, regardless of the payment dates specified in the protocol or received document, all of the installments received or outstanding in the event of any payment made in the twelve month period from the date of payment of the indemnity to the payment plan or in the event of a single maturity, it is necessary for the provision.

If the claim is made through litigation/execution the accrual will be made as of the date of commencement of these transactions and the provision for doubtful receivables is set as of the same date.

The Company has classified the net subrogation amounting to TL 193.451.827 (December 31, 2020: TL 162.568.164) in the doubtful receivables arising from the main activity by allocating the doubtful receivables provision for the remaining portion in the retirement of the proceeds from the litigation conducted through litigation and execution.

In order to accrue salvage income, all insurance costs of damaged goods should be compensated and those goods should be owned by insurance company or under the condition of secondarily ownership (salvage) by insurance company, the income generated from the sale of those goods has to be accrued on the related periods like salvage receivables. In that case, if goods which are under secondary ownership by insurance company are sold via third party (real/corporate) or given over to insurer or directly sold by Company, salvage income should be accrued and should not be deducted from paid claims or outstanding claims.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.21. Revenue Recognition (continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, collected subrogation and salvage income per branches are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Motor vehicles	593.892.860	449.684.170
Third part liability for motor vehicles	31.692.583	20.596.202
Fire and Natural Disaster	1.889.152	1.122.021
Transportation	1.122.269	1.775.186
General Losses	297.503	77.680
Other	252.414	82.387
Total	629.146.781	473.337.646

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, accrued subrogation and salvage income per branches are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Motor vehicles	88.083.413	60.493.014
Third part liability for motor vehicles	21.406.684	21.716.282
Fire and Natural Disaster	383.130	1.048.945
Transportation	682.355	636.326
General Losses	95.156	59.197
Other	2.986	140.754
Total	110.653.724	84.094.518

Commission income and expense

As further disclosed in Note 2.24 - Reserve for unearned premiums, commissions paid to the agencies related to the production of the insurance policies and the commissions received from the reinsurance firms related to the premiums ceded are recognized over the life of the contract by deferring commission income and expenses within the calculation of reserve for unearned premiums for the policies produced before January 1, 2008 and recognizing deferred commission income and deferred commission expense in the financial statements for the policies produced after January 1, 2008.

Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense are recognized using the effective interest method by basis of accrual. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments of financial assets or liability and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. The effective interest rate is established on initial recognition of the financial asset and liability and is not revised subsequently.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all fees and points paid or received transaction costs, and discounts or premiums that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or liability.

Trading income/expense

Trading income/expense includes gains and losses arising from disposals of financial assets held for trading purpose and available-for-sale financial assets. Trading income and trading expenses are recognized as "Income from disposal of financial assets" and "Loss from disposal of financial assets" in the accompanying financial statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.22. Leasing Transactions

The Company recognizes TFRS 16 for leases with more than 12 months of lease term.

The Company recognizes the lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis lower than 12 months of lease term.

Tangible assets acquired by way of finance leases are recorded in tangible assets and the obligations under finance leases arising from the lease contracts are presented under "Finance Lease Payables" account in the financial statements. In the determination of the related asset and liability amounts, the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of leasing payments is considered. Financial costs on leasing agreements are expanded in lease periods at a fixed interest rate.

If there is impairment in the value of the assets obtained through finance lease and in the expected future benefits, the leased assets are measured at net realizable value. Depreciation for assets obtained through financial lease is calculated in the same manner as tangible assets.

Lease liability is measured at fair value of rent payments that have not been paid on the date rent is actually begin in accordance TFRS 16. Rent payments are discounted as using incremental borrowing rate.

Book value of the lease liability after the lease actually started; remeasured as reflectable to increase the interest in the lease liability, decreased as reflectable the lease payments made, to reflect all reassessments and changes made in the lease, or to reflect fixed lease payments of its revised core.

The interest on the lease liability for each period in the lease term is the amount found as calculated by fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

After the lease actually starts, the lease liability is remeasured to reflect changes in lease payments. The remeasured amount of the lease liability is reflected in the financial statements as a correction in the right of use.

In case of a change in the duration of the first lease or use of the purchase option, a revised discount rate is used to reflect the changes in the interest rate. However, if there is a change in the lease liabilities arising from a change in an index used in determining the future lease payments or the amounts expected to be paid within the context of the residual value commitment, the unmodified discount rate is used.

Regarding a change that is not recognized as a separate lease, the lease liability is remeasured by reducing the revised lease payments at a revised discount rate at the date of implementation of the change. The revised discount rate is determined as the incremental borrowing rate at the date of application of the change. For changes that narrow the scope of the lease, the carrying amount of the right of use is reduced to reflect the partial or complete termination of the lease. Gains or losses related to the partial or complete termination of the lease are recognized in profit or loss. Corrections are made on the right of use for all other changes.

2.23. Profit Share Distribution

At the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Company dated March 30, 2021, it has been decided to reserve TL 20.228.901 as secondary legal reserves pursuant to Turkish Commercial Code 519, TL 211.789.009 distribute to shareholder as gross dividend and TL 204.923.759 transfer to extraordinary reserves regarding TL 436.941.669 the net profit of 2020.

Cash dividends amounting to TL 211.789.009 were paid to the shareholders in 2021 (December 31, 2020: None).

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.23. Profit Share Distribution (continued)

Circular No. 2016/22 Amending the Circular No. 2016/22 on the Discounting of Net Cash Flows Arising from Outstanding Claims Provisions published on December 30, 2021 (2021/30) and Article 7 of the Circular No. 2016/22, has been changed to "Net cash flows as of the financial reporting period date It is discounted to the cash value, taking into account the rate of 14%.". Due to the related change, 14% rate has been taken into account in discounting the net cash flows arising from outstanding claims provision. Added to the 13th article of the same circular, "The positive difference arising within the scope of changing the discount rate in this direction cannot be used for a year following the year in which the change was made." Due to the statement, the positive difference of TL 191.510.161 in the discount amount as of December 31, 2021 shall not be included in the profit distribution.

Additionally, in accordance with the Circular No. 2021/31 of the Insurance and Private Pensions Regulation and Supervision Agency, published on December 30, 2021, the calculation method of unexpired risk reserve has been changed as follows

"The 95% rate, which is stated in the third paragraph of Article 6 of the Regulation, used for the URR calculation, is used as 100% in the land vehicles liability branch.

In case the URR calculation method specified in the Circular on the Provision for Ongoing Risks numbered 2019/5 is used, for land vehicles liability branch, in the 4th article of the same Circular;

1. If a separate calculation is made for the works where 100% of the direct production is transferred to the pools established in Turkey, the gross damage premium rate used as 100% will be 105%, the gross damage premium rate used for other works as 85% will be 90%,

2. If a separate calculation is not made for the works where 100% of the direct production is transferred to the pools established in Turkey, the 85% rate will be used as 90%."

Following statement that's added to the 5th article of the same circular, "The positive difference arising within the scope of the change in the damage premium rates cannot be used for one year following the year of the change." Therefore, the positive difference amounting to TL 95.664.988 in the amount of unexpired risk reserve as of December 31, 2021 shall not be included in the profit distribution.

As a result of the changes explained above, after the change in the discount and unexpired risk reserve rates, after tax total the positive difference amounting to TL 217.294.662 (TL 287.175.149 pretax) shall not be used in profit distribution. Profit distribution table includes prepared by including this amount.

2.24. Unearned Premium Reserve

In accordance with the "Communiqué on Technical Reserves for Insurance, Reinsurance and Pension Companies and the Related Assets That Should Be Invested Against Those Technical Reserves" ("Communiqué on Technical Reserves") which was issued in 26606 numbered and August 7 2007 dated Official Gazette and put into effect starting from January 1, 2008, the reserve for unearned premiums represents the proportions of the gross premiums written without deductions of commission or any other allowance, in a period that relate to the period of risk subsequent to the reporting date for all short-term insurance policies. In commodity transport insurance contracts with nonspecific due date, 50% of the remaining amount which is accrued in the last three months is reserved as unearned premiums reserve.

Reserve for unearned premiums is calculated for all insurance contracts except for the contracts which the company provides mathematical reserve. Reserve for unearned premiums is also calculated for the annual premiums of the annually renewed long term insurance contracts.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.24. Unearned Premium Reserve (continued)

Since the Technical Reserves Regulation published on August 7, 2007 entered into force on January 1, 2008, Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance has issued the "Circular on the Provision of Insurance and Reassurance and Pension Companies' Provisions for Compliance with the Provisions of the Insurance Law No. 5684" dated July 4, 2007 and numbered 2007/3 within the period between the publication date of the Technical Reserves Regulation and the date of entry into force ("Compliance Circle "). In previous calculations, earthquake premiums were deducted during the calculation of unearned premiums; After June 14, 2007 and the Circular for compliance of policies issued, net of unearned premiums should not be stated that during the earthquake premium provisions. Accordingly, the Company began to calculate the unearned premium reserves for the earthquake premiums written after this date, when the Company did not calculate the unearned premium reserves for the earthquake premiums written before June 14, 2007.

According to the Regulation on the Amendment of the Technical Reserves of Insurance and Reinsurance Companies and Pension Funds and the Amendment of the Regulation on the Assets to be Invested in These Reserves, published in the Official Gazette dated July 28, 2010 and numbered 27655, all the policies are started at 12:00 pm and finished at 12:00 pm so provisions for unearned premiums have been calculated as half day for the starting day and end day for all the policies.

According to the Regulation Regarding the Technical Provisions of Insurance and Reinsurance Companies and Pension Funds and the Amendment of the Regulation on the Assets That This Provisions are Invested, published in the Official Gazette dated July 28, 2010, numbered 27655, during the calculation of the unearned premiums liabilities related to insurance contracts that is indexed to currency, if not determined any currency on the insurance contracts, the selling currency rate announced by the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey on the Official Gazette is taken into consideration.

As of the balance sheet date, the Company has allocated unearned premium reserves in the financial statements amounting to TL 1.974.352.886 (December 31, 2020: TL 1.776.976.965) and reinsurer share for unearned premiums amounting to TL 882.070.108 (December 31, 2020: TL 641.533.008). In addition, the share transferred to Social Security Institution for unearned premiums have been TL 55.746.055 (December 31, 2020: TL 68.857.225).

2.25. Outstanding Claims Reserve

Claims are recorded in the year in which they occur, based on reported claims or on the basis of estimates when not reported. Provision for outstanding claims represents the estimate of the total reported costs of notified claims on an individual case basis at the balance sheet date as well as the corresponding handling costs. Incurred but not reported claims ("IBNR") are also provided.

Claims incurred before the accounting periods but reported subsequent to those dates are accepted as incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims. In accordance with the circular issued by Turkish Treasury dated December 5,2014 and numbered 2014/16, as of January 1, 2015 selection of data to be used in the calculation of branch-basis, adjusting prices, selection of most appropriate method to be interfere with the development factors are performed by the Company's actuary. Incurred but not reported ("IBNR") calculation methods are Standard Chain, Claim/Premium, Cape Cod, Frequency/Severity, Munich Chain or Bornhuetter Ferguson. The selection of the data to be used on a branch basis will be made by the company actuary by using the actuarial methods to intervene in the development factors and the selection of the most appropriate method and development factors and the adjustment factors and these issues will be detailed in the actuarial report to be submitted to the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance in accordance with Article 11 of the Actuarial Regulation.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.25. Outstanding Claims Reserve (continued)

IBNR is used to estimate the amount of provision that should be set aside in the current period based on the historical loss incurred. As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company has preferred the Standard Chain Method in all branches. In the ACLM table the large loss elimination was made as outlined on September 20, 2010 (Box Plot method). Logarithmic loss distribution in suretyship and third-party liability for motor vehicles branch was examined and large loss elimination was done according to percentile method and for other branches according to Box Plot method.

	December 37	1, 2021	December 31, 2020	
	Number of Eliminated Files	Big Claims Threshold	Number of Eliminated Files	Big Claims Threshold
Direct Indemnification	17	2.709.717	14	3.323.826
Aircraft	1	1.289.675	1	1.289.675
Watercraft Liability	5	3.087.598	5	1.596.476
Fire and Natural Disasters	81	2.112.296	77	1.362.153
Total	104		97	

Following the related circular, IBNR has been calculated gross by Company's actuary using the methods listed below by considering claim periods. For related gross IBNR amounts among the related claim periods net IBNR has been calculated by considering reinsurance rates to register the effect of current reinsurance agreements.

		December 31, 2	021	December	31, 2020
	Using Method	IBNR to Reserve (100% transaction level –Salvaged)	IBNR without accrued salvage (%100 level – negative %100)	IBNR to Reserve (100% transaction level –Salvaged)	IBNR without accrued salvage (%100 level – negative %100)
Motor Vehicles	Standard	(87.097.544)	(167.477.069)	(22.386.511)	(76.194.228)
Water Crafts Third Party Liability for	Standard	1.422.243	1.422.243	1.511.206	1.511.206
Motor Vehicles (MTPL)	Standard	1.882.007.169	1.863.091.040	1.625.737.157	1.608.773.395
Facultative Motor Liability	Standard	51.472.172	50.964.728	43.941.941	43.607.684
Water Crafts Liability	Standard	1.452.620	1.452.620	1.703.086	1.703.086
Fire and Natural Disasters	Standard	7.080.311	5.637.365	6.391.747	3.547.765
Accident	Standard	1.985.316	1.985.316	1.466.527	1.466.527
General Losses	Standard	20.184.593	19.759.483	13.163.452	12.707.023
Financial Losses	Standard	2.355.629	2.355.629	1.226.872	1.226.872
Health	Standard	1.365.491	1.365.491	2.686.225	2.686.225
Transportation	Standard	2.507.465	1.027.579	3.565.517	2.371.921
General Liability	Standard	164.384.459	164.384.459	111.609.609	111.609.487
Suretyship	Standard	421.362	403.114	1.717.050	1.376.022
Legal Protection	Standard	495.447	495.447	423.925	423.605
Total		2.050.036.733	1.946.867.445	1.792.757.803	1.716.816.590

In accordance with the Constitutional Court decision which was published in the Official Gazette dated October 9, 2020 and numbered 31269, the phrase "general conditions" in Article 90 on the compulsory financial liability (traffic insurance) side within the scope of the Highways Traffic Law canceled on the grounds that it is contrary to the Constitution. A detailed analysis of the cancellation decision carried out and this effect reflected in the incurred but not reported compensation amount calculated as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Company has considered the 100% result of IBNR calculation and has reflected TL 2.050.036.733 (December 31, 2020: TL 1.792.757.803) gross and TL 156.120.712 (December 31, 2020: TL 107.054.080) reinsurance share on financial statements. The amounts transferred to the Traffic and General Liability pool for IBNR account are not shown above. As of December 31, 2021 Company has reflected net amount of TL 2.445.375.713 (December 31, 2020: TL 2.228.924.200) outstanding claims reserve on its financial statements.

In accordance with the Provisional Article 12 of the Regulation Amending the Regulation on Tariff Application Principles in Motor Vehicles Compulsory Financial Liability Insurance published in the Official Gazette dated July 11, 2017 and numbered 30121, it has been announced that the Pool of Risky Insurers was established as of April 12, 2017. Accordingly, the amounts calculated for damages received from the pool are included in the IBNR calculation.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.25. Outstanding Claims Reserve (continued)

Company has separated death and disability compensation with treatment costs according to circular numbered 2011/18, and only treatment costs are included in the calculations made for preparing the financial statements.

Within the scope of third party liability for motor vehicles (MTPL) Insurance, for the financial year 2011, for the amount transfer to Social Security Institution for incurred accidents which happened before publishing the law numbered 6111 and within the scope of Compulsory Third Party Liability Insurance for Road Passenger Transportation and Compulsory Road Passenger Transportation Personal Accident Insurance, for the financial year 2011, for the amount transfer to Social Security Institution for incurred accidents which happened before publishing the law numbered 6111, the factors to use are notified by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

Additional reserve for claims from the pool has been calculated in December 31, 2021 and using %107 (December 31, 2020: %112) final loss/premium ratio -over 89 base premium- according to Risky Insureds Pool Actuarial Valuation Report on Estimate of Final Loss/Premium Ratio Range which is sent by Turkish Motor Insurers Bureau at September 27, 2021 (December 31, 2020).

Within this scope, Company has reflected the notified and calculated amounts to its financial statements which are calculated according to the explanations made in circular numbered 2011/18 before and after the publishing date of the law.

Regarding the law and legislations mentioned above, due to the transfer to SSI, as of December 31, 2021, the Company has TL 28.193.913 (December 31, 2020: TL 28.574.122) liability in short term liabilities due to SSI from treatment costs. As of December 31, 2021 the amount of premium transfer to SSI related with the period after the law is TL 99.649.549 (December 31, 2020: TL 137.855.600).

Regulation related with "Litigious Outstanding Claims" in the scope of "Circular related with the explanations about the calculation of Incurred but Not Reported (IBNR) indemnity provision" numbered 2011/23:

According to the 1st paragraph of 4th item of the Regulation for Reporting of Insurance, Pension and Reinsurance Firms "with this regulation, Company's activities are accounted in the frame of legislation provisions of Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority for the preparation and presentation of financial statements, except the notifications made by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance for the topics stated in the second paragraph". In the 1st paragraph of 6th item of the same regulation balance sheet is defined as "a table which reflects the fiscal and financial position of the Companies at a given period, which shows assets, liabilities and equities of the Company truly and fairly dividing them into active and passive accounts".

In this framework, for a true presentation of financial statements with the circular numbered 2011/23, for the files in the lawsuit process, provisions should be made evaluating the winning and losing possibilities and for the files in the lawsuit process, deductions to make for which principles are identified.

Circular No. 2016/22 Amending the Circular No. 2016/22 on the Discounting of Net Cash Flows Arising from Outstanding Claims Provisions published on December 30, 2021 (2021/30) and Article 7 of the Circular No. 2016/22, has been changed to *"Net cash flows as of the financial reporting period date It is discounted to the cash value, taking into account the rate of 14%."*. Due to the related change, 14% rate has been taken into account in discounting the net cash flows arising from outstanding claims provision. As of December 31, 2021, the Company has calculated the net discount amount against outstanding claims as TL 651.116.800 (December 31, 2020: TL 395.745.564, calculated with 9% discount rate). If the discount rate was continued to be used as 9% without making the relevant change, it has been calculated that the net discount amount against outstanding claims as of December 31, 2021 would have been TL 459.606.639.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.26. Equalization provision

In accordance with the Regulation on Technical Reserves, insurance companies are required to record an equalization reserve for the insurance contracts including earthquake and credit coverage, in order to cover the catastrophic risks and in order to equalize the fluctuations within the claim ratios that may occur during the following accounting periods. Such reserve is calculated over 12% of net earthquake and credit premiums corresponding to each year. In the calculation of the net premium, the amounts paid for the non-proportional reinsurance agreements are regarded as ceded premiums. Provisions are made until it meets the 150% of the highest amount of net premium written in the last 5 years.

Following the end of the 5th year, depending the premium production amount under the condition of provision amount is lower than the previous year balance sheet amount, the difference is classified in the other profit reserves under the owner's equity. Related amount which is transferred to equity could be kept as a reserve or may be subject to a capital increase or may be used in the compensation payments.

If the damage occurs, amounts hit the reinsurer and amounts which are under exemption limit can not be deducted from equalization reserve. If there are claims paid due to the commitments given, starting with the provision made 1st year, it is deducted from the provision by using the FIFO method.

Equalization reserves are stated in the accompanying financial statements under the non-current liabilities in the "Other Technical Reserves" account. As of balance sheet date, net TL 55.946.270 (December 31, 2020: TL 46.074.738) equalization reserve is booked.

Following the "Circular About Usage of Equalization Reserve and Additional Explanations for Some Circulars" published by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance numbered 2012/1, equalization reserve booked for the related branches for the beginning years, is booked as debit in balance sheet and is booked as credit in Change in Other Technical Provisions account.

2.27. Unexpired Risk Reserves

Within the framework of Regulation on Technical Reserves, as of each balance sheet date, Companies has to make liability adequacy test for the last 12 months, while booking the unexpired risk reserves, due to the possibility of claims and compensations to occur according to the current insurance contracts are higher than the unexpired risks reserves booked for those insurance contracts. While making related test, net unexpired risks reserves amount should be multiplied with the expected net claim premium ratio. Expected net claim premium ratio is calculated by dividing incurred claims (outstanding claims (net) + paid claims (net) – ceded outstanding claims (net)) into earned premium (written premiums (net) + ceded unexpired risks reserves and commissions paid to intermediaries and deferred portion of commissions received from reinsurer which are stated as net in the unexpired risk reserve of the period are ignored.

In accordance with the Circular No. 2021/31 of Insurance and Private Pensions Regulation and Supervision Agency, published on December 30, 2021, the calculation method of unexpired risk reserves of the Company has been changed as follows:

"The 95% rate used for the calculation method of unexpired risk reserves, which is included in the third paragraph of Article 6 of the Regulation, is used as 100% in the third party liability for motor vehicles (MTPL) branch.

In case the calculation method of unexpired risk reserves, specified in the Circular on the Provision for Ongoing Risks numbered 2019/5 is used, due to the 4th article of the same Circular for the third party liability for motor vehicles (MTPL) branch;

1 If a separate calculation is made for the works where 100% of the direct production is transferred to the pools established in Turkey, the gross damage premium rate used as 100% is 105%, the gross damage premium rate used for other works as 85% is 90%,

2. If a separate calculation is not made for the works where 100% of the direct production is transferred to the pools established in Turkey, the 85% used is used as 90%."

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27. Unexpired Risk Reserves (continued)

Accordingly, as of the reporting date, the Company has accounted for reserve for gross unexpired risk amounting to TL 101.030.614 (December 31, 2020: TL 27.894.960) and TL 59.635.999 for reinsurance share of unexpired risk (December 31, 2020: TL 23.790.976). If the calculation had been made without making changes in circulars numbered 2021/30 and 2021/31, it was calculated that the net amount of provision for net unexpired risks would have been TL 137.059.604.

The Company has calculated the provision for continuing risks under the Circular on Amendments to the calculation of provisions for ongoing risks with the number 2012/15; Under the Insurance Law no. 5684, calculation made in accordance with all main branches in the Insurance Uniform Chart of Accounts determined by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

2.28. Related Parties

Parties are considered related to the Company if;

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

As an aim of the financial statements partners, upper level managers and board of directors, affiliates controlled by themselves and their family or affiliated companies to themselves, participations and jointly controlled entities are accepted as related parties.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.29. Earnings per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit for the period into weighted average unit share of the Company. Firms in Turkey, by distributing at the share rate of actual shareholders may increase share capital ("No-par shares") from retained earnings. In the calculation of earnings per share, no-par shares are determined as issued shares.

2.30. Events After Reporting Date

As of the end of the Company's reporting period, events after reporting period which gives additional information of Company's financial position (events occurred after reporting period and which need to be adjusted) are reflected to financial statements. Significant events occurred after reporting period and not needed to be adjusted are explained in the disclosures.

3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Requirements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions which define possible liability and commitments as of balance sheet date and income and expenses for the period ended. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current event and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. Estimates are reviewed regularly and changes are made in the profit and loss accordingly. Major accounting estimates made by the Company are related with outstanding claim reserves and other technical reserves and impairment of assets, and these estimates and assumptions are disclosed in the notes. Further, significant estimates used in preparation of financial statements as follows.

Benefits Provided to Employees

The Company has calculated and accounted employment termination benefit in the accompanying financial statements using actuarial estimations. As of December 31, 2021, Company's employment termination benefit is TL 7.505.899 (December 31, 2020: TL 3.065.139).

Doubtful Receivables from Main Operations

Company has made allowance for doubtful receivable amounted TL 32.289.110 (December 31, 2020: TL 8.987.709) on its financial statements ended as of December 31, 2021, for receivables under the executive and legal follow-up phase from insurance companies and intermediaries. Besides, Company has made provision amounted TL 7.496.472 (December 31, 2020: TL 4.250.074) for receivables from insurance operations which are not under legal follow-up but Company believes that receivables are not collectible.

Subrogation Receivables

As of December 31, 2021, Company has booked net subrogation receivables amounted TL 193.451.827 (December 31, 2020: TL 162.568.164) according to the accrual basis for the subrogation receivables under legal and execution phase and for the not confirmed personal subrogation receivables before allowance for doubtful receivable (after deducting the reinsurance share).

3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Requirements(continued)

Outstanding Claim Reserve

When calculating the outstanding claims reserve, many estimates and provisions, as well as definitive evidence such as experts, expert opinions, consultant views are applied. It may take a long time for the amount of outstanding claims to reach the definitive end. For this reason, actuarial chain ladder method is used to calculate the outstanding claim reserve based on the experience of the Company in previous years. In the past years, the development of the damage has been used in the calculation of future damage amounts. This calculation is based on the development of the claims paid, the average amount of compensation per claim in the past, the number of past claims and the expected loss/premium ratio. In accordance with the Technical Reserves Regulation, as of September 30, 2010, the basis of the application of actuarial chain ladder methods determined by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance for the fiscal period is calculated but the unreported compensation amount is calculated. The difference between the accrued and provisioned outstanding claims provision and the selected actuarial chain ladder methods is realized but not reported.

In addition, in the branches where the actuary has performed major damage dismantling, the next year qualification difference calculation is performed for the big damages that are extracted. Major damage elimination is calculated in accordance with the "F-Major Damage Article" of the General Assembly dated 5 December 2014 and numbered 2014/16 issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Major Damage Elimination Branches are Land Vehicles, Traffic, Fire and Natural Disasters, Water Vehicles Liability, General Losses, Financial Losses, General Liability, Direct Surety and Optional Financial Liability.

As of December 31, 2021, Company's net outstanding claims reserve is TL 2.445.375.713 (December 31, 2020: TL 2.228.924.200).

Deferred Tax

When determining the deferred tax assets, various estimations and evaluations are used. As of December 31, 2021, the Company has calculated and booked deferred tax asset amounted TL 185.638.691 (December 31, 2020: TL 45.000.350).

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management

4.1. Insurance Risk Management

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. Risk is incidental due to the nature of the insurance process. The most basic risk in insurance contracts is the possibility of realized claims and rights and benefits provided to policyholders are realized above the technical provisions in the financial statements made for insurance contracts.

In every field and stage of insurance operations the definition of risk is made clearly and risk is abolished, possibilities of risks under control or to be insurable should be examined comprehensively.

First condition to manage risk is being able to define the risk. Basic risk fields to manage in Insurance Operations by Company are identified as follows:

- Insurable assets
- Pricing models, tariff structure
- Reinsurance
- Optimum conservation
- Claim costs
- Intermediaries
- Insurance contract provisions

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management(continued)

4.1. Insurance Risk Management (continued)

The most significant resource to manage the risk is the convenience of the data for analyzing which is produced by Company's operations (premium production resources, client, policy, product, branch, commitment, claim file, numbers, premiums etc.).

Risk, in essence is a variable factor, therefore it is vital for Companies to follow the development of risk down to the last detail and form and/or direct strategies according to risk. To manage risk, essential point is to set up and activate internal control mechanisms for the identification of risk areas and points. For this purpose, Company primarily has formed committees for risks for which they regard as significant. Agency Risk Tracing Committee, Pricing and Watching Tariffs Committee, Claim and Risk Acceptance Basics Committee are the main committees for risk management.

Insurable Assets

In insurance, segmentation is crucial for the identification of insurable assets. As it is prescribed by the law, segmentation by branches, is not enough for the definition of risk. Defining various factors separately by Company via the systems maintain meaningful connections like client, client's insurance demands, operation type, locality, external factor, past statistics, possible damage volume and frequency, insurable securities and assets become convenient for pricing. In this stage today's communication platforms and technological advances enable to make faster and more accurate definitions.

In addition to these, during insurance of Small and Middle-Sized Enterprises ("SME") and industrial risks, risk acceptance and expertise evaluation criterias should be identified clearly and should put down in black and white. Criteria for the acceptance of this kind of significant risks must be convenient with the scope of reinsurance contracts made.

Pricing Models, Tariff Structure

Most important resource for to create the price of an insurance product is the past statistics. By using the advanced technology, the accuracy of statistical data, security, entrance to the system convenient for creating price and tariff and becoming meaningful information in the data set become possible. For this purpose, the Company has made software investment in 2008. By this investment detailed analysis can be made on the basis of distribution channel, risk location, style of use, client and policy. By this analysis damage frequency and violence modeling systems and tariff and pricing process are implemented much more sensitively. With the developments in planning and reporting fields, the effect of analysis of Company's premium production for current and previous year to period end and future periods can be made via using current data and projected assumptions.

Reinsurance

Company is under risk due to assets taken under insurance commitment. By considering the qualification (risk size, risk possibility) of insurance assets and Company's equity power, Company transfers some part of risks taken on to reinsurers via made agreements. After this transfer, while Company is sharing the obtained premiums with transfer rate to reinsurer, Company takes commission over it and shares the claim liability that it has to endure with same transfer rate to reinsurer too.

The power of the reinsurer that Company has made agreement for risk sharing, dependency of the matters that put sides under obligation, criteria to transfer reinsurer (which kind of risks, commission to receive, payment dates etc.) are determined as the significant risk areas in this matter.

Company transfer the risks as part of the proportional reinsurance agreements with surplus and quotashare treaties by branches. For the business which exceeds treaty capacities varies for different branches, facultative reinsurance is practiced by technical units.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management(continued)

4.1 Insurance Risk Management(continued)

The reinsurers who worked mostly and their last credit ratings are as follows:

	5	Standard & Poo	rs		AM Bes	st
Reassurer	Grading	Appearance	Date	Grading	Appearance	Date
Milli Re Sompo Japan Nipponkoa	trA+	-	June 15, 2021	В	Stationary	July 2, 2021
Insurance Inc.	A+	Stationary	April 25, 2021	A+	Stationary	September 2, 2021
Mapfre Re	A+	Stationary	July 22, 2021	А	Stationary	October 14,2021
Munich Re	AA-	Stationary	May 24, 2021	A+	Stationary	July 8, 2021
Everest Re	A+	Stationary	May 26, 2021	A-	Stationary	May 7, 2021
QBE	A+	Stationary	May 21, 2021	А	Stationary	March 11, 2021

Optimum Conversation

Some of the risks that Company decided to adopt are valid which is similar to the risk emerged during the reinsurance plan matter. For the risks which is under its conservation, Company purchases protection in definite criterias ("XL") too. Company management believes that, Company's data set's (statistics) quality helps the right evaluation of these data and the determination of optimum conservation level.

Claim Costs

Claim costs is the Company's main expense factor. From the risk standpoint, alongside it's a direct cash outflow factor, due to the obligation of compensating the victimization of insured, every process from the notification of claim to the payment of claim should be divided into risk areas and should be followed. Claim handling costs are settled down to every claim has reached to its real compensation amount and to provide that every claim has been paid to right person or institution. During this process, arrangement of insurance policy, client, insured assets, quality of claim, expertise, elimination of claim, spare parts and labor etc. and other expense items are the risk and cost factors and they directly affect the technical results of the Company. Company follows the relevant risk related with claim costs via Claim and Risk Acceptance Basics Appraisal Committee.

Intermediaries

Company realizes significant part of premium production from insurance intermediaries (agency, broker, banks etc.). Authorities of policy issuance and premium collections of intermediaries are transferred authorities from insurance companies. From the selection of risk and client to offer right price, on the other hand from incurred claims to collection of premium on time the senility that Companies are responsible to show is to be expected from agencies too. However, Company makes the controls whether authorized agencies rule their operations or not convenient with Company's policy, via analyzing the collected data by agency.

At the same time, in order to manage receivable transfer risk accurately, proper commitments are taken by agency and it is practiced to increase the application of direct collection systems.

Insurance Contract Provisions

Company makes provisions for not yet due, not certain debts and liabilities and even if it has not occurred per statistics income and expense factors that may bring right and/or liability. The primary objective here is, Company's responsibilities to government, clients, partners and shareholders are convenient with laws and they are accurately stated in financial statements and Company's books.

It is a significant risk that the technical provisions booked are not entirely enough to meet Company's liabilities. In this context, with the regulations it made legal authority has clearly stated that insurance companies have to book the reserves that they need to make provisions are calculated standard and accurately. In order to eliminate those risks, Company make practices for management of all risk areas oriented to provide the security and accuracy of the data used and decent and fast practice of management reporting system.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management(continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management

Introduction and Overview

This note shows the risks that Company is exposed to each one of stated below, accordingly Company's policy, procedures and aims in order to manage and measure its risks and information about capital management. Company is exposed to the below risks emerged due to the usage of financial instruments.

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

Whole responsibility belongs to the Board of Directors during the establishment and supervision of structure of risk management. Board of Directors manages the effectiveness of risk management system via Company's internal audit department.

Company's risk management policies are established in order to, identify and analyze the risks that Company faces, determine the risk limits and controls, follow the risks and convenience of them to the defined limits. Risk management policy and systems are reviewed regularly the way that they reflect the changes in products and services presented and market conditions. Company aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment that every employee understands their duty and responsibilities via education and management standards.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is most simply defined as the potential that a bank borrower or counterparty will fail to meet its obligations in accordance with agreed terms. The balance sheet items that the Company is exposed to credit risks are as follows:

- cash and cash equivalents
- held-to-maturity financial assets
- premium receivables from policyholders
- receivables from intermediaries
- receivables from reinsurance companies related to commissions and claims paid
- reinsurance shares of insurance liability
- receivables from related parties
- other receivables

The Company's financial assets, which are subject to credit risk are generally composed of domestic government bonds and time and demand deposits kept in banks and other financial institutions in Turkey and such receivables are not deemed to have high credit risk.

Most common method to manage insurance risk is to make reinsurance contract. However, the transfer of insurance risk via insurance contract does not remove the liability of first insurer Company. If reinsurance firm does not pay the claim, Company's responsibility against policyholder continues. Company evaluates the reliability of reinsurance firm by investigating the financial position of the related firm before the yearly contract made and by regarding the compensation payment performance of the firm.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management (continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, net book value of the assets that is exposed to credit risk are shown in the table below:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 14)	1.357.294.397	1.538.912.069
Receivables from main operations (Note 12)	1.042.614.318	542.996.626
Reinsurers share in outstanding claims reserve (Note 10), (Note 17)	1.304.892.325	776.078.059
Financial Assets (Note 11)	4.180.013.668	3.183.053.991
Other receivables (Note 12)	19.189.904	53.364.364
Due from related parties (Note 12)	2.534.704	3.842.987
Total	7.906.539.316	6.098.248.096

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the aging of the receivables from main operations and reserved provisions are as follows:

	December	31, 2021	December	31, 2020
	Gross Amount	Provision	Gross Amount	Provision
Not past due	976.693.707	-	479.571.889	-
Past due 0-30 days	29.581.054	-	28.520.852	-
Past due 31-60 days	30.833.121	-	24.581.616	-
Past due 61-180 days	11.191.854	(6.878.191)	11.681.914	(2.552.418)
Past due 181-365 days (*)	22.037.342	(22.037.342)	2.451.744	(2.451.744)
Past due over 1 year	21.175.826	(19.983.053)	20.216.302	(19.023.529)
Provision for Doubtful Subrogation		. ,		. ,
Receivables from Main Operations	193.451.827	(193.451.827)	162.568.164	(162.568.164)
Total	1.284.964.731	(242.350.413)	729.592.481	(186.595.855)

^(*) In accordance with the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance's letter numbered B.02.1.HM.O.SGM.0.3.1/01/05 and dated February 3, 2005, If subrogation transactions are carried out through lawsuit/enforcement, the related amounts are followed in the doubtful receivables from main operations account in the financial statements. And also the same amount of doubtful receivables are set aside. As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company also recognizes and makes provisions for its subrogation and salvage income in accordance with the principles set out in the circular dated September 20, 2010 and numbered 2010/13 of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

The movements of provision for receivables from insurance operations are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Provision for receivables from insurance operations at the beginning of the period	186.595.855	142.073.806
Provisions for agency receivables during the period	26.547.800	1.682.842
Provisions for subrogation and salvage receivables during the period	29.206.758	42.839.207
Provision for receivables from insurance operations at the end of the period	242.350.413	186.595.855

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity is the risk that the Company's struggle to perform its obligations which is arised from financial liabilities.

Management of liquidity risk

To avoid liquidity risk, maturity match between the assets and liabilities are considered, liquid assets are conserved in order to meet liquidity need completely.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management(continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management(continued)

Liquidity Risk(continued)

Management of the liquidity risk (continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 remaining maturity distribution of monetary assets and liabilities are;

Deservices 04, 0004	Carrying	Up to 1	1 to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	Over 1
December 31, 2021	amount	month	months	months	months	year
Cash and cash equivalents	1.357.294.397	993.366.817	363.927.580	-	-	-
Financial assets	4.180.013.668	729.369.546	246.600.747	797.009.454	680.969.859	1.726.064.062
Receivables from main operations	1.042.614.318	565.885.362	152.561.359	284.046.919	29.207.123	10.913.555
Receivables from related parties	2.534.704	2.534.704	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	19.189.904	19.189.904	-	-	-	-
Total monetary assets	6.601.646.991	2.310.346.333	763.089.686	1.081.056.373	710.176.982	1.736.977.617
Financial liabilities	827.525.473	822.307.310	-	-	-	5.218.163
Payables from main operations	418.329.497	249.429.346	132.290.923	36.609.228	-	-
Due to related parties	85.295	85.295	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	64.348.225	36.815.986	27.532.239	-	-	-
Insurance technical provisions	2.445.375.713	87.880.092	175.760.181	121.971.872	192.744.558	1.867.019.010
Tax and other similar liabilities and						
provisions for them	155.657.197	23.761.216	131.895.981	-	-	-
Provisions related with other risks	41.458.954	41.458.954	-	-	-	-
Total monetary liabilities	3.952.780.354	1.261.738.199	467.479.324	158.581.100	192.744.558	1.872.237.173
Net monetary position	2.648.866.637	1.048.608.134	295.610.362	922.475.273	517.432.424	(135.259.556)
	Carrying	Up to 1	1 to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	
December 31, 2020	amount	month	months	months	months	Over 1 year
Cook and cook any inclants	4 500 040 000					
Cash and cash equivalents			007 450 400			
	1.538.912.069	931.461.667	607.450.402	-	-	-
Financial assets	1.538.912.069 3.183.053.991	931.461.667 499.713.139	607.450.402 920.251.157	- 786.691.280	۔ 548.854.115	- 427.544.300
Financial assets Receivables from main	3.183.053.991	499.713.139	920.251.157			
Financial assets Receivables from main operations	3.183.053.991 542.996.626	499.713.139 233.152.915		- 786.691.280 180.758.993	- 548.854.115 28.176.204	427.544.300 10.547.670
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987	920.251.157			
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364	920.251.157 90.360.844 - -	180.758.993 - -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987	920.251.157			
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364	920.251.157 90.360.844 - -	180.758.993 - -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072	920.251.157 90.360.844 - -	180.758.993 - -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - 1.618.062.403	180.758.993 - - 967.450.273 -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - 1.618.062.403	180.758.993 - - 967.450.273 -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 - - 967.450.273 -	28.176.204 - -	10.547.670 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions Tax and other similar liabilities	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 5.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869 52.162.087 2.228.924.200	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869 14.137.137 75.911.537	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 	28.176.204 - - 577.030.319 - - -	10.547.670 - - - - - - - - - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions Tax and other similar liabilities and provisions for them	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869 52.162.087 2.228.924.200 24.265.816	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869 14.137.137 75.911.537 24.265.816	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 	28.176.204 - - 577.030.319 - - -	10.547.670 - - - - - - - - - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions Tax and other similar liabilities and provisions for them Provisions related with other risks	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869 52.162.087 2.228.924.200 24.265.816 31.699.812	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869 14.137.137 75.911.537 24.265.816 31.699.812	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 	28.176.204 - - 577.030.319 - - - 174.944.359 - -	10.547.670 - - 438.091.970 - - 1.716.886.404 - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions Tax and other similar liabilities and provisions for them	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869 52.162.087 2.228.924.200 24.265.816	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869 14.137.137 75.911.537 24.265.816	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 	28.176.204 - - 577.030.319 - - -	10.547.670 - - - - - - - - - -
Financial assets Receivables from main operations Receivables from related parties Other receivables Total monetary assets Financial liabilities Payables from main operations Due to related parties Other liabilities Insurance technical provisions Tax and other similar liabilities and provisions for them Provisions related with other risks	3.183.053.991 542.996.626 3.842.987 53.364.364 5.322.170.037 198.888.147 254.868.095 13.869 52.162.087 2.228.924.200 24.265.816 31.699.812	499.713.139 233.152.915 3.842.987 53.364.364 1.721.535.072 198.888.147 169.703.202 13.869 14.137.137 75.911.537 24.265.816 31.699.812	920.251.157 90.360.844 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	180.758.993 	28.176.204 - - 577.030.319 - - - 174.944.359 - -	10.547.670 - - 438.091.970 - - 1.716.886.404 - -

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes might happen in interest rate and currency rates may affect the Company's income or the value of financial assets that Company holds. The purpose of managing the market risk is to control of market risk amount is at acceptable parameters by optimizing the risk profitability.

Currency Risk

Company is exposed to the currency risk due to insurance and reinsurance operations made indexed to foreign exchange.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arised from foreign currency transactions are booked in records in the period which process is taken place. At the end of the period, amount of foreign currency active and passive accounts are valued using the T.C. Central Bank's buying rate of exchange and converted to TL and exchange differences occurred are reflected to books as a foreign exchange gain or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management (continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Market Risk (continued)

The details of currency risk that Company is exposed to be is listed in the table below:

			Other	
December 31, 2021	USD	Euro	Currencies	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	563.061.185	81.684.374	275.771	645.021.330
Financial assets	2.667.231.660	287462749	-	2.954.694.409
Receivables from main operations	213.456.690	256.882.501	1.767.572	472.106.763
Total foreign currency assets	3.443.749.535	626.029.624	2.043.343	4.071.822.502
Payables from main operations	32.243.734	67.225.077	775,781	100.244.592
Insurance technical provisions	8.317.016	5.223.137	57.764	13.597.917
•			57.764	
Financial liabilities	1.654.707.849	340.286.794	-	1.994.994.643
Other payables	9.590.707	3.276.661	-	12.867.368
Total foreign currency liabilities	1.704.859.306	416.011.669	833.545	2.121.704.520
Balance sheet position	1.738.890.229	210.017.955	1.209.798	1.950.117.982

			Other	
December 31, 2020	USD	Euro	Currencies	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	794.303.246	93.578.548	-	887.881.794
Financial assets	1.352.019.324	809.281.719	-	2.161.301.043
Receivables from main operations	136.694.094	153.789.897	308.404	290.792.395
Total foreign currency assets	2.283.016.664	1.056.650.164	308.404	3.339.975.232
Payables from main operations	41.829.463	40.355.052	470.876	82.655.391
Insurance technical provisions	66.847.596	9.031.812	20.005	75.899.413
Financial liabilities	2.103.263.253	875.814.218	-	2.979.077.471
Other payables	5.509.728	2.008.826	-	7.518.554
Total foreign currency liabilities	2.217.450.040	927.209.908	490.881	3.145.150.829
Balance sheet position	65.566.624	129.440.256	(182.477)	194.824.403

In order to evaluate the table above related foreign currency amounts are converted to TL.

As of the end the of reporting period currency rates used to convert to foreign currencies are listed below:

	USD	Euro
December 31, 2021	13,3290	15,0867
December 31, 2020	7,3405	9,0079

Exposure Rate Risk

Due to the possibility of TL's 10% value decrease against currencies below, as of the period ended at December 31, 2021 and 2020 increase/(decrease) to be stated in equity and income statement (net of deferred tax) is shown in the table below. This analysis is prepared assuming that all other variables, especially interest rates remained stable. If TL's value increases 10% against related currencies the effect will be at the same amount but with reverse direction.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management (continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Exposure Rate Risk (continued)

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
	Income Statement	Equity (*)	Income Statement	Equity (*)	
USD	173.889.023	173.889.023	6.556.662	6.556.662	
Euro	21.001.796	21.001.796	12.944.026	12.944.026	
Other	120.980	120.980	(18.248)	(18.248)	
Total, net	195.011.799	195.011.799	19.482.440	19.482.440	

^(*) Equity effect also includes profit or loss effect of 10% depreciation of TL against related currencies.

Exposure Interest Rate Risk

The risk that available for sale financial instrument portfolios face is the fluctuation in the market value of financial instruments as a result of the changes in interest rates. The basic risk that not available for sale financial instrument portfolios experience is the loss which will emerge due to the fluctuation that will occur in the upcoming cash flows and the decrease in fair value of financial instruments, as a result of the changes in interest rates in the market. Management of interest rate risk is made by following the interest rate margin and determining the previously approved limits for repricing bands.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, interest profile of Company's interest yield and not interest yield financial assets and liabilities are detailed in the table below:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets with fixed interest rates:		
Bank deposit (Note 14)	718.098.551	1.028.161.774
Financial assets held-to maturity	2.954.694.409	2.161.301.044
Available for sale financial assets	1.077.016.993	776.577.697
Variable interest financial assets	140,000,000	045 475 050
Available for sale financial assets	148.302.266	245.175.250

Interest rate sensitivity of the financial instruments

Interest senility of income statement is the effect of net interest income to the change of interest rate in assumed defiance's below, as of at the end of the years of December 31, 2021 and 2020, fair value of financial assets that their fair value differences are reflected to profit or loss, variable interest not available for sale financial assets and liabilities. During this analysis, other variables, especially the currency rates are assumed as stable.

December 31, 2021	Income S	Statement	Equity (*)		
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	
Available for sale financial assets	3.720.484	(3.890.903)	(3.720.484)	3.890.903	
Total financial assets	3,720,484	(3.890.903)	(3.720.484)	3.890.903	
	0.720.404	(0.000.000)			
December 31, 2020	Income S	Statement 100 bp decrease	Equi	ity (*)	
	Income S	Statement	Equi	ity (*)	

(*) Equity effect only includes equity effect of assumed change in interest rates, does not include profit or loss effect.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

4. Insurance and Financial Risk Management (continued)

4.2. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Classification of fair value measurements(continued)

Level 1: Registered (unadjusted) prices in the active market for identical assets and liabilities ,

Level 2: Directly (via prices) or by implication (by deriving from prices) observable data except the registered prices for assets and liabilities which taken part in the 1st level

Level 3: The data (not observable data) related to the assets and liabilities which does not depend on the observable market data

Classification requires that the usage of observable market data if it is applicable.

December 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:				
Available for sale financial assets (Note 11)	381.925.200	843.394.059	-	1.225.319.259
Total Financial Assets	381.925.200	843.394.059	-	1.225.319.259
December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:				
Available for sale financial assets (Note 11)	693.306.000	328.446.947	-	1.021.752.947
Total Financial Assets	693.306.000	328.446.947	-	1.021.752.947

Capital Management

Company's major capital management policies are stated below:

•To adapt the capital adequacy conditions determined by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance

•By ensuring the Company's sustainability providing permanent returns to shareholders and partners

•By determining the price of insurance policies in proportion with received insurance risk level, providing sufficient return to shareholders.

The Capital Adequacy of the Company is calculated within the framework of the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of the Capital Adequacy of Insurance and Reinsurance Companies and Pension Companies, which is published and published in the Official Gazette dated August 23, 2015 and numbered 29454. As of December 31, 2021, Company's minimum required equity capital amount calculated is TL 1.075.611.695 (December 31, 2020: TL 819.993.114). As of December 31, 2021, Company's equity capital is TL 1.044.627.582 (December 31, 2020: TL 1.248.873.607) more than minimum required equity capital amount.

Gains and losses arised from financial assets

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Foreign exchange gains	1.597.165.826	889.537.786
Income gained from financial investments	263.374.842	229.295.666
Income gained from derivative transactions	35.871.842	131.137.658
Valuation of financial assets	1.002.293	13.074.708
Incomes of subsidiaries	233.802	56.875
Other income	-	1.713.054
Gains obtained from financial assets	1.897.648.605	1.264.815.747
Loss from disposal of financial assets	(645.738.659)	(600.692.383)
Foreign exchange losses	(420.750.234)	(204.476.052)
Losses obtained from financial assets	(1.066.488.893)	(805.168.435)
Financial gains and losses recognized in income statement, net	831.159.712	459.647.312

5. Segment Information

A segment is a severable part of Company's product or service production (operating segments) or economic environment (geographical section) in which risk and benefits of products and services produced may be distinguished from other segments.

Scope segments: As of the end of the reporting period, since the Company carries operations in the non-life insurance field which is followed as a sole reporting section, segment reporting is not presented.

6. Tangible Fixed Assets

Net book value

Movement of tangible fixed assets between the periods of January 1 - December 31, 2021 and January 1 - December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	January 1,				December 31,
	2021	Additions	Transfer	Disposals	2021
Cost:					
Investment Properties (Note 7)	3.012.818	-	-	-	3.012.818
Owner Occupied Property	128.759.019	20.461	61.887.965	-	190.667.445
Furniture and Fixtures	32.035.533	17.356.538	425.435	(2.558.229)	47.259.277
Motor Vehicles	888.638	-	-	-	888.638
Other Tangible Assets (including leasehold					
improvements)	13.191.597	994.070	-	(10.312.890)	3.872.777
Fixed assets obtained via leasing	72.809	-	-	-	72.809
Right-of-use assets (*)	12.774.955	2.065.572	-	(1.531.632)	13.308.895
Advances on tangible fixed assets	1.792.220	60.718.669	(62.313.400)	(197.489)	-
	192.527.589	81.155.310	-	(14.600.240)	259.082.659
Accumulated depreciation:					
Investment Properties (Note 7)	(240.303)	(53.300)	-	-	(293.603)
Owner Occupied Property	(2.103.931)	(2.106.147)	-	-	(4.210.078)
Furniture and Fixtures	(18.509.242)	(6.190.794)	-	1.889.698	(22.810.338)
Motor Vehicles	(217.296)	(178.878)	-	-	(396.174)
Other Tangible Assets (including leasehold	. ,	· · · ·			. ,
improvements)	(9.642.734)	(1.121.100)	-	8.953.807	(1.810.027)
	· (70.000)	. ,	-	-	(72.809)
Fixed assets obtained via leasing	(72.809)				
	(72.809) (1.255.947)	(4.509.843)	-	1.417.377	(4.348.413

160.485.327

225.141.217

	January 1,			December 31,
	2020	Additions	Disposals	2020
Cost:				
Investment Properties (Note 7)	3.097.818	-	(85.000)	3.012.818
Owner Occupied Property	128.759.019	-	-	128.759.019
Furniture and Fixtures	25.882.260	8.025.172	(1.871.899)	32.035.533
Motor Vehicles	2.542.612	467.000	(2.120.974)	888.638
Other Tangible Assets (including leasehold			,	
improvements)	12.733.092	458.505	-	13.191.597
Fixed assets obtained via leasing	72.809	-	-	72.809
Right-of-use assets (*)	8.061.984	11.807.729	(7.094.758)	12.774.955
Advances on tangible fixed assets	-	1.792.220	-	1.792.220
	181.149.594	22.550.626	(11.172.631)	192.527.589
Accumulated depreciation:				
Investment Properties (Note 7)	(197.345)	(54.858)	11.900	(240.303)
Owner Occupied Property	(586.350)	(1.517.581)	-	(2.103.931)
Furniture and Fixtures	(15.210.095)	(4.675.076)	1.375.929	(18.509.242)
Motor Vehicles	(559.208)	(346.996)	688.908	(217.296)
Other Tangible Assets (including leasehold	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	()		,
improvements)	(7.889.585)	(1.753.149)	-	(9.642.734)
Fixed assets obtained via leasing	(72.809)	· · · ·	-	(72.809)
Right-of-use assets (*)	(3.071.215)	(3.371.162)	5.186.430	(1.255.947)
*	(27.586.607)	(11.718.822)	7.263.167	(32.042.262)
Net book value	153.562.988			160.485.327

^(*) All of right-of-use assets consists vehicles as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Revaluation is not applied over tangible fixed assets.

There is not any change in depreciation calculation method in the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

7. Investment Properties

As of balance sheet date, details of investment properties as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	Book value	Book value
İzmir Konak –Building	556.520	556.520
İzmir Karşıyaka- Building	416.320	416.320
Malatya – Office	46.294	46.294
Konya – Karatay, Land	6.930	6.931
Heybeli Ada-House	749.023	749.272
İzmir Bornova- Building	523.603	523.603
Sapanca	240.150	240.150
Bilecik Land	23.400	23.150
Fon Sg Land	317.478	317.478
Kartal Building	133.100	133.100
Total	3.012.818	3.012.818
Accumulated depreciation	(293.603)	(240.303)
Net book value	2.719.215	2.772.515

Rent income gained from investment properties is TL 94.163 during the period (December 31, 2020: TL 75.880).

8. Intangible Fixed Assets

Movements of intangible fixed assets between the periods of January 1 - December 31, 2021 and January 1 - December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	January 1, 2021	Additions	Transfer	Disposals	December 31, 2021
Cost:					
Other intangible fixed assets	36.258.387	11.988.038	-	-	48.246.425
	36.258.387	11.988.038	-	-	48.246.425
Accumulated depreciation:					
Other intangible fixed assets	(24.118.835)	(11.721.431)	-	-	(35.840.266)
	(24.118.835)	(11.721.431)	-	-	(35.840.266)
Carrying Amount	12.139.552				12.406.159
	January 1, 2020	Additions	Transfer	Disposals	December 31, 2020
Cost:					
Other intangible fixed assets	31.637.689	8.192.617	354.159	(3.926.078)	36.258.387
Advances given	330.354	23.805	(354.159)	-	-
	31.968.043	8.216.422	-	(3.926.078)	36.258.387
Accumulated depreciation:					
Other intangible fixed assets	(19.969.814)	(6.590.645)	-	2.441.624	(24.118.835)
	(19.969.814)	(6.590.645)	-	2.441.624	(24.118.835)
Carrying Amount	11.998.229				12.139.552

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

9. Investments in Associates

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
	Registered Value Share rate		Registered Value	Share rate %	
Tarım Sig. Havuz İşlt. A.Ş.	875.420	4,34	684.773	4,54	
Associates, net	875.420		684.773		

10. Reinsurance Assets and Liabilities

Reinsurance assets and liabilities of Company's cedent business title as a result of the current reinsurance agreements are showed detailed in the table below:

Reinsurance assets	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Reinsurer's share of outstanding claim reserve (Note 17)	1.304.892.325	776.078.059
Reinsurer's share of unearned premiums reserve (Note 17)	937.816.163	710.390.233
Reinsurer's share of equalization reserve (Note 17)	194.050.923	146.847.467
Receivables from reinsurance firms (Note 12)	38.501.106	43.167.393
Reinsurer's share of unexpired risks reserve (Note 17)	59.635.999	23.790.976
Total	2.534.896.516	1.700.274.128

There is not recognized impairment related with reinsurance assets.

Reassurance Liabilities	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Payables to reinsurance firms, net (Note 19)	243.333.183	146.395.544
Deferred commission income (Note 19)	174.305.748	121.173.819
Total	417.638.931	267.569.363

Gains and losses which recognized in the income statement according to the Company's reinsurance agreements are shown in the table below:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Ceded premiums to reinsurer in the current period	(1.597.753.420)	(1.314.865.644)
Reinsurer's share of unearned premiums reserve at the beginning of the year	(710.390.233)	(665.559.465)
Reinsurer's share of unearned premiums reserve at the end of the year	937.816.163	710.390.233
Earned reinsurer premiums	(1.370.327.490)	(1.270.034.876)
Reinsurer share of claims paid in the current period (Note 17))	655.116.049	423.654.340
Reinsurer share of outstanding claims reserve at the beginning of the		
vear(Note17)	(776.078.059)	(607.950.909)
Reinsurer share of outstanding claims reserve at the end of the year (Note 17)	1.304.892.325	776.078.059
Reinsurer's share in claims (Note 17)	1.183.930.315	591.781.490
Accrued commission income in the period from reinsurers (Note 32)	292.442.176	210.741.770
Deferred commission income at the beginning of the year	121.173.819	107.824.520
Deferred commission income at the end of the year (Note 19), (Note 32)	(174.305.748)	(121.173.819)
Commission income earned from reinsurers (Note 32)	239.310.247	197.392.471
Change in unexpired risk reserves, reinsurer share (Note 17)	35.845.024	20.821.995
Change in equalization reserve, reinsurer share (Note 17)	47.203.456	29.870.381
Total, net	135.961.552	(430.168.539)

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

11. Financial Assets

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the details of the Company's financial assets are as follows:

	C	December 31, 2021		
	Nominal Value	Acquiring Cost	Fair Value	Book Value
Debt Instruments:				
Government Bond – TL	339.500.000	340.945.305	381.925.200	381.925.200
Private sector bond - TL	866.920.000	874.531.345	843.394.059	843.394.059
Available for sale financial assets	1.206.420.000	1.215.476.650	1.225.319.259	1.225.319.259
	0	December 31, 2020		

	Nominal Value	Acquiring Cost	Fair Value	Book Value
Debt Instruments:				
Government Bond – TL	610.000.000	678.161.183	693.306.000	693.306.000
Private sector bond - TL	329.495.955	336.347.069	328.446.947	328.446.947
Available for sale financial assets	939.495.955	1.014.508.252	1.021.752.947	1.021.752.947

		December 3	31, 2021	
	Nominal Value	Acquiring Cost	Fair Value	Book Value
Debt Instruments:				
Eurobond Government Bonds-USD	826.398.000	878.540.971	873.951.749	874.169.895
Eurobond Private Sector Bonds-USD	746.424.000	795.736.283	785.059.222	785.323.262
Bank Deposits:				
USD	991.677.409	991.677.409	1.007.738.503	1.007.738.503
EUR	282.800.085	282.800.085	287.462.749	287.462.749
Financial assets held-to maturity	2.847.299.494	2.948.754.748	2.954.212.223	2.954.694.409

	December 31, 2020				
	Nominal Value	Acquiring Cost	Fair Value	Book Value	
Debt Instruments:					
Eurobond Government Bonds-USD	286.815.357	285.109.145	290.480.848	290.387.267	
Eurobond Private Sector Bonds-USD	762.846.782	769.967.407	772.764.338	772.627.369	
Bank Deposits:					
USD	288.053.483	288.053.483	289.004.689	289.004.689	
EUR	806.606.201	806.606.201	809.281.719	809.281.719	
Financial assets held-to maturity	2.144.321.823	2.149.736.236	2.161.531.594	2.161.301.044	

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

11. Financial Assets (continued)

Details of financial assets which Company gave as a commitment on behalf of Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance as a need of insurance operations are as follows:

	Decem	December 31, 2021		
	Acquisition Value	Fair Value	Book Value	
Blocked Amounts	532.670.556	546.523.459	546.523.459	
Total	532.670.556	546.523.459	546.523.459	

	Decem	December 31, 2020		
	Acquisition Value	Fair Value	Book Value	
Blocked Amounts	359.786.184	361.060.571	361.060.571	
Total	359.786.184	361.060.571	361.060.571	

There is not overdue but not impaired yet financial assets in Company's financial asset portfolio.

There is not security that represents borrowing which is issued in the current period or amortized in the current period of previously issued.

Movement of financial assets in the current period is presented below:

December 31, 2021	Available for sales	Held to maturities	Total
Balance at the beginning of the period	1.021.752.947	2.161.301.044	3.183.053.991
Additions	1.053.254.200	2.261.342.690	3.314.596.890
Disposals (either sold or settled)	(852.285.804)	(2.294.173.411)	(3.146.459.215)
Change in the fair value of financial assets (Note 15)	(21.126.558)	-	(21.126.558)
Change in amortised cost of financial assets	23.724.474	826.224.086	849.948.560
Balance at the end of the period	1.225.319.259	2.954.694.409	4.180.013.668
December 31, 2020	Available for sales	Held to maturities	Total
Balance at the beginning of the period	524 510 064	1 064 590 793	2 490 400 747

Balance at the beginning of the period	524.519.964	1.964.589.783	2.489.109.747
Additions	966.910.911	2.283.860.094	3.250.771.005
Disposals (either sold or settled)	(453.947.995)	(2.156.100.784)	(2.610.048.779)
Change in the fair value of financial assets (Note 15)	(15.729.933)	-	(15.729.933)
Change in amortised cost of financial assets	-	68.951.951	68.951.951
Balance at the end of the period	1.021.752.947	2.161.301.044	3.183.053.991

Value increases in financial assets for the last 3 years:

Year	Change in value İncrease (net)	Total value increase (net)
2021	(15.523.285)	(35.367.656)
2020	(31.231.202)	(19.844.371)
2019	11.386.831	11.386.831

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira* (*TL*))

12. Credits and Receivables

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	4 0 40 0 4 4 0 4 0	F 40 000 000
Receivables from main operations (Note 4.2)	1.042.614.318	542.996.626
Other receivables (*) (Note 4.2)	19.189.904	53.364.364
Receivables from related parties (Note 4.2), (Note 45)	2.534.704	3.842.987
Total	1.064.338.926	600.203.977
Short-term receivables	1.053.425.371	589.656.307
Long-term receivables	10.913.555	10.547.670
Total	1.064.338.926	600.203.977

⁽⁷⁾ As of December 31, 2021, the Company's other receivables amounted TL 88.158.568 (December 31, 2020: TL 53.364.364) consist of receivables from TARSIM (Agricultural Insurance Pool) Natural Disaster Insurance Institution (TCIP) and other receivables.

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the details of the receivables from main operations are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Receivables from agencies, brokers and intermediaries	827.062.841	414.619.474
Allowance for doubtful receivables from main operations-	027.002.041	414.013.474
subrogation receivables	193.451.828	162.568.164
The amounts to be collected via subrogation and salvage	110.653.724	84.094.518
Receivables from main operations- Legal follow-up	33.481.883	10.180.483
Receivables from insured	76.493.932	10.605.584
Receivables from reinsurance firms (Note 10)	38.501.106	43.167.393
Receivables from insurance companies	7.931.514	6.908.599
Rediscount of receivables from insurance operations	(2.612.097)	(2.551.734)
Total receivable from insurance operations	1.284.964.731	729.592.481
Allowance for doubtful receivable from main operations –		
subrogation receivables (Note 4.2)	(193.451.827)	(162.568.164)
Allowance for doubtful receivable from main operations – legal and		
execution follow-up (Note 4.2)	(32.289.110)	(8.987.709)
Impairment provision of premium receivables from agency, broker		
and intermediaries	(7.496.472)	(4.250.074)
Provision of subrogation and salvage receivable	(9.113.004)	(10.789.908)
Total provisions for receivables from insurance operations	1.042.614.318	542.996.626

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

12. Receivables (continued)

Company makes provisions for receivables as following the dated September 20, 2010 published by Ministry of Treasury and Finance "Circular numbered 2010/13 Related with Subrogation and Salvage Income" which states following the 6 months of claim payment of accrued subrogation receivables for in debt insurance firm or following the 4 months for 3rd parties. As of December 31, 2021 Company has made provisions for receivable amounted to TL 2.873.622 (December 31, 2020: TL 7.314.537) for the subrogation receivables not collected in the periods stated in the circular above

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the details of mortgages and other commitments for the Company's receivables are presented below:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Guarantee letter	37.858.000	34.852.500
Mortgage bond	23.702.000	24.857.000
Cash guarantees received	8.025.561	7.575.769
Other commitments received	10.068.089	29.470.014
Total	79.653.650	96.755.283

Provisions for doubtful receivables for overdue receivables and receivables not due yet:

a) Movement of allowance for doubtful receivables (due) in legal and execution follow-up in the period as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Receivable provision in legal and execution follow-up at the beginning		
of the period	8.987.709	8.573.844
Booked provision in current period	23.301.401	413.865
Receivable provision in legal and execution follow-up at the end		
of the year	32.289.110	8.987.709

b) Movement of premium receivable provisions in the period as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Premium receivable provision at the beginning of the period Canceled in the period	4.250.074 (1.292.831)	2.981.097 (413.866)
Booked provision in current period	4.539.229	1.682.843
Premium receivable provision at the end of the year	7.496.472	4.250.074

c) Movement of subrogation receivable provision which is subject to a suit in the period as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Receivable provision which is subject to a suit at the beginning of		
the year	162.568.164	127.365.228
Net booked provision in current period	30.883.663	35.202.936
Receivable provision which is subject to a suit at the end of the		
year	193.451.827	162.568.164

d) Movement of subrogation and salvage receivables provisions in the period as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Subrogation and salvage receivables provision at the beginning of		
the year	10.789.908	3.153.637
Booked/cancelled provisions in the current period	(1.676.904)	7.636.271
Subrogation and salvage receivables provision at the end of		
the year	9.113.004	10.789.908

Company's receivable and payable relationship with shareholders, subsidiaries and associates are stated detailed in Note 45.

Receivables and payables which does not have an exchange rate guarantee and represented via foreign currencies and the separate amounts of current foreign exchange moneys and their conversion rate to TL is stated in Note 4.2.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

13. Derivative Financial Instruments

As of reporting date, due to forward foreign currency contracts the Company has not any appreciation balance under their income accruals (December 31, 2020: 84.670.383) and deprecation value under their other financial liabilities amounting to TL (817.867.507) (December 31, 2020: (187.959.259)). The Company recognizes derivative transactions in accordance with TAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Accounting and Measurement. Derivative transactions are measured at their fair values in the periods following their recognition. Derivative transactions are presented at "Income Accruals" or "Other financial liabilities" whether the fair value is positive or negative. Changes in the fair value of the related derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement.

14. Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, details of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Bank Deposits Bank Guaranteed Credit Card Receivables with Maturity Less Than	766.891.362	1.058.703.335
Three Months	590.403.035	480.208.734
Total	1.357.294.397	1.538.912.069

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, detail of bank deposits account are as follows:

		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
		Original Amount	TL Amount	Original Amount	TL Amount
Demand:					
	USD	1.181.796	15.752.161	1.861.894	13.667.233
	EUR	1.880.190	28.365.856	1.002.030	9.026.188
	GBP	15.349	275.774	-	-
	TL	4.399.020	4.399.020	7.848.140	7.848.140
Time:					
	USD	41.035.171	546.957.784	106.346.436	780.636.013
	EUR	3.501.365	52.824.044	9.386.468	84.552.360
	TL	118.316.723	118.316.723	162.973.401	162.973.401
Total			766.891.362		1.058.703.335

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, other cash and cash equivalents consist of credit card receivables. Credit card receivables are hold for 26 and 90 days blockage in account.

15. Equity

Paid Capital

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's nominal capital is TL 190.000.000 (December 31, 2020: TL 190.000.000) Company's capital is comprised of issued and worth of Kuruş 1 nominal value for each one of 19.000.000 numbers of shares.

There is no privilege recognized to equity shares which represents the capital.

Sompo International Holding Inc. is the capital group whose direct or indirect control over the Company's capital as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

There are not Company's own equity shares which is kept by Company or Company's associate or Company's subsidiaries. There are not equity shares in Company to issue for float shares by force of futures and contracts.

Legal reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), The TCC stipulates that the first legal reserve is appropriated out of statutory profits at the rate of 5% p.a., until the total reserve reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% p.a. of all cash distributions in excess of 5% of the paid-in share capital. Under the TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid-in share capital.

The movement table for legal reserves are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Legal reserves at the beginning of the year	42.777.778	54.315.038
Transfer to profit and other reserves	20.228.901	(11.537.260)
Legal reserves at the end of the period	63.006.679	42.777.778

Extraordinary reserves

The movement table for extraordinary reserves are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Extraordinary reserves at the beginning of the year	1.365.479.432	883.399.137
Transfer to profit and other reserves	204.923.759	482.080.299
Extraordinary reserves at the end of the period	1.570.403.191	1.365.479.436

Revaluation of Financial Assets

The movement table for revaluation of financial assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Revaluation differences as the beginning of the period	(19.844.371)	11.386.831
Change in the fair value of financial assets	(21.126.558)	(39.039.004)
Deferred tax effect	5.603.273	7.807.802
Revaluation differences as the end of the period	(35.367.656)	(19.844.371)

15. Equity

Other reserves

At dated July 4, 2007 and numbered 2007/3 published by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance "Circular of Orientation of Provisions of Insurance, Reinsurance and Pension Firms to the numbered 5684 Provisions of Insurance Laws" for the year 2007 it is sentenced not to book earthquake damage provision. However, previously booked earthquake damage provisions (earthquake damage provision amount which is stated in balance sheet as of December 31, 2006) are required to transfer to voluntary reserves according to the temporary 5th item of mentioned law, for this purpose it is stated that the current earthquake damage provision amount as of December 31, 2006 and including the gains obtained via directing related amount to investment, related provisions are going to be transferred to 549.01 account "transferred earthquake damage provisions" which will be identified as of September 1, 2007 and it will not be a subject to dividend payment and will not be transferred to another account under no circumstances. Following related circular Company has stated TL 8.808.057 (December 31, 2020 – TL 8.808.057) earthquake damage provision under other profit reserves which Company has booked in its December 31, 2006 financials due to the earthquake damage provision Company has booked and including the gains obtained via directing related amount to investment.

Special Funds

TAS 19 - Employee Benefits Related to Turkey Accounting Standard requires the use of actuarial method in calculating the provision for employee termination benefits. As of December 31, 2021, actuarial calculation has been made for related liabilities and actuarial loss (deferred tax free) has been recorded amounting to TL 1.855.992 in special funds under equity. (December 31, 2020: TL 1.470.628).

16. Other Provisions and Capital Component of Discretionary Participation

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 there is not any other reserves which is stated under equity except the previously booked earthquake damage provision which is recognized under "other profit reserves". As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company does not have a contract with a future of capital component of discretionary participation.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the details of insurance technical reserves of the Company are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Gross unearned premiums reserve	1.974.352.886	1.776.976.965
Reinsurer's share of unearned premiums reserve (Note 10)	(882.070.108)	(641.533.008)
SSI's share of unearned premiums reserve (Note 10)	(55.746.055)	(68.857.225)
Unearned premiums reserve, net	1.036.536.723	1.066.586.732
Gross outstanding claim reserve	3.750.268.038	3.005.002.259
Reinsurer's share of gross outstanding claim reserve (Note 4.2) (Note 10)	(1.304.892.325)	(776.078.059)
Outstanding claim reserve, net	2.445.375.713	2.228.924.200
Equalization reserve	249.997.193	192.922.205
Reinsurer's share of equalization reserve (Note 10)	(194.050.923)	(146.847.467)
Equalization reserve, net	55.946.270	46.074.738
Unexpired risks reserve	101.030.615	27.894.960
Reinsurer's share of unexpired risks reserve (Note 10)	(59.636.000)	(23.790.976)
Unexpired risks reserve, net	41.394.615	4.103.984
Bonus and discount reserve	2.073.981	1.163.711
Reinsurer's share of bonus and discount reserve	-	-
Bonus and discount reserve, net	2.073.981	1.163.711
Total technical provisions, net	3.581.327.302	3.346.853.365
Short term	3.525.381.032	3.300.778.627
Medium and long term	55.946.270	46.074.738
Total technical provisions, net	3.581.327.302	3.346.853.365

Unearned premiums reserve:

	December 31, 2021					
	•	Reinsurer and	N /			
	Gross	SSI share	Net			
Unearned premiums reserve at the beginning of the year	1.776.976.965	(710.390.233)	1.066.586.732			
Written premiums in the period	3.455.290.096	(1.597.753.420)	1.857.536.676			
Earned premiums in the period	(3.257.914.175)	1.370.327.490	(1.887.586.685)			
Unearned premiums reserve at the end of the year	1.974.352.886	(937.816.163)	1.036.536.723			

	December 31, 2020					
		Reinsurer and				
	Gross	SSI share	Net			
Unearned premiums reserve at the beginning of the year	1.867.908.982	(665.559.465)	1.202.349.517			
Written premiums in the period	3.332.713.298	(1.314.865.644)	2.017.847.654			
Earned premiums in the period	(3.423.645.315)	1.270.034.876	(2.153.610.439)			
Unearned premiums reserve at the end of the year	1.776.976.965	(710.390.233)	1.066.586.732			

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets (continued)

Provision for outstanding claims

	December 31, 2021				
		Reinsurer			
	Gross	Share	Net		
Outstanding claim reserve at the beginning of the year Reported claims in the period and the changes in estimations	3.005.002.259	(776.078.059)	2.228.924.200		
of outstanding claim reserve at the beginning of the year	2.816.582.038	(1.183.930.315)	1.632.651.723		
Claim payments during the period	(2.071.316.259)	655.116.049	(1.416.200.210)		
Outstanding claim reserve at the end of the year	3.750.268.038	(1.304.892.325)	2.445.375.713		
	D	ecember 31, 202	0		
		Reinsurer			
	Gross	Share	Net		
Outstanding claim reserve at the beginning of the year Reported claims in the period and the changes in estimations	2.366.223.586	(607.950.909)	1.758.272.677		
of outstanding claim reserve at the beginning of the year	2.161.648.095	(591.781.490)	1.569.866.605		
Claim payments during the period	(1.522.869.422)	423.654.34Ó	(1.099.215.082)		
Outstanding claim reserve at the end of the year	3.005.002.259	(776.078.059)	2.228.924.200		

	D	ecember 31, 202	1	December 31, 2020			
		Reinsurer			Reinsurer		
	Gross	Share	Net	Gross	Share	Net	
Incurred and reported							
claims	2.500.444.670	(1.297.868.178)	1.202.576.492	1.675.472.113	(736.506.072)	938.966.041	
Incurred but not							
reported claims	2.050.036.733	(156.120.712)	1.893.916.021	1.792.757.803	(107.054.080)	1.685.703.723	
Net Cash Flow							
Discount	(800.213.365)	149.096.565	(651.116.800)	(463.227.657)	67.482.093	(395.745.564)	
Total	3.750.268.038	(1.304.892.325)	2.445.375.713	3.005.002.259	(776.078.059)	2.228.924.200	

Equalization Reserve

	December 31, 2021				
	Gross	Reinsurer Share	Net		
Equalization reserve at the beginning of the year	192.922.205	(146.847.467)	46.074.738		
Net change	57.074.988	(47.203.456)	9.871.532		
Equalization reserve at the end of the year	249.997.193	(194.050.923)	55.946.270		
		December 31, 2020			
	Gross	Reinsurer Share	Net		
Equalization reserve at the beginning of the year	155.878.552	(116.977.086)	38.901.466		
Net change	37.043.653	(29.870.381)	7.173.272		
Equalization reserve at the end of the year	192.922.205	(146.847.467)	46.074.738		

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets (continued)

Provision for unexpired risks

	December 31, 2021				
	Gross	Reinsurer Share	Net		
Provision for unexpired risks at the beginning of the period	27.894.960	(23.790.976)	4.103.984		
Net change	73.135.655	(35.845.024)	37.290.631		
Provision for unexpired risks at the end of the period	101.030.615	(59.636.000)	41.394.615		

	December 31, 2020				
	Gross	Reinsurer Share	Net		
Provision for unexpired risks at the beginning of the period	3.662.201	(2.968.981)	693.220		
Net change	24.232.759	(20.821.995)	3.410.764		
Provision for unexpired risks at the end of the period	27.894.960	(23.790.976)	4.103.984		

Provision for bonus and discount:

Provision for bonus and discount	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Provision for bonus and discount at the beginning of the period	1.163.711	5.477.147
Net change	910.270	(4.313.436)
Provision for bonus and discount at the end of the period	2.073.981	1.163.711

Claim Development Table

The main assumption used to predict the outstanding claim reserve is Company's claim development experience from the past periods. The Company management uses its own judgments while determining how external factors like legal decisions and changes in regulations will affect the outstanding claim reserve. Sensitivity of some estimations like legal changes and uncertainties during the prediction process is not measurable. Besides, long delays between the time of claim incurred and the time payment is made inhibits the determination of outstanding claim reserve definitely as of balance sheet date. Therefore, total liabilities may differ depending on the subsequent events and the differences occurred due to the re-estimation of liabilities enables to measure the Company's performance of estimation of total claim liabilities. The numbers that are shown in the upside of below tables, from the years claims has incurred in, show the change of Company's total estimations for claims in the subsequent years. The numbers that are shown in the underside of the tables, give the outstanding claim reserves stated in financial statements and their confirmation.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets (continued)

December 31, 2021								
Claim Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Claim year	496.318.042	690.717.354	942.987.036	1.202.095.331	1.395.035.839	1.434.315.264	1.899.950.171	8.061.419.037
1 year later	527.599.455	766.575.828	1.087.794.972	1.375.689.927	1.567.111.249	1.931.775.662	-	7.256.547.093
2 year later	556.441.207	827.317.075	1.183.335.649	1.488.393.063	1.757.985.646	-	-	5.813.472.640
3 year later	585.670.824	864.475.965	1.238.627.024	1.608.274.881	-	-	-	4.297.048.694
4 year later	609.129.010	885.326.499	1.275.360.861	-	-	-	-	2.769.816.370
5 year later	640.219.553	893.342.682	-	-	-	-	-	1.533.562.235
6 year later	733.644.964	-	-	-	-	-	-	733.644.964
Gross incurred claims	733.644.964	893.342.682	1.275.360.861	1.608.274.881	1.757.985.646	1.931.775.662	1.899.950.171	10.100.334.867
Total payments made up to today	470.038.349	726.379.037	1.062.030.675	1.358.822.739	1.426.326.103	1.467.263.276	1.342.332.885	7.853.193.064
Total provision in financial statements	263.606.615	166.963.645	213.330.186	249.452.142	331.659.543	464.512.386	557.617.286	2.247.141.803
Gross outstanding claims reserves and Exchange difference which is								
booked for prior of 2015								253.302.867
Gross IBNR amount booked as of December 2021								2.050.036.733
Outstanding claim provisions discount adjustment								(800.213.365)
Total gross outstanding claim reserve amount stated in financial statements at the end of the year								3.750.268.038
December 31, 2020 Claim Year	2014	2015	2016	2047	2010	2019	2020	Total
Claim fear	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Iotai
Claim year	269.378.483	496.318.042	690.717.354	942.987.036	1.202.095.331	1.395.035.839	4 40 4 04 5 000	6.430.847.348
							1.434.315.263	
1 year later	279.959.576	527.599.455	766.575.828	1.087.794.972	1.375.689.927	1.567.111.249	1.434.315.263	5.604.731.007
1 year later 2 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181	527.599.455 556.441.207	766.575.828 827.317.075	1.183.335.649	1.375.689.927 1.488.393.062		1.434.315.263 - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965				1.434.315.263 - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010	766.575.828 827.317.075	1.183.335.649			1.434.315.263 - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965	1.183.335.649			1.434.315.263 - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 6 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - -	1.488.393.062 - - -	1.567.111.249 - - - - -		5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965	1.183.335.649			1.434.315.263 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 6 year later	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - -	1.488.393.062 - - -	1.567.111.249 - - - - -		5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 6 year later Total gross incurred claims	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 640.219.553	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - 1.238.627.025	1.488.393.062 - - - - - - - - - -	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - 1.434.315.263	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 5 year later Total gross incurred claims Total payments made up to today Total provision in financial statements Gross outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510 292.934.405	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - - 1.238.627.025 1.035.475.924	1.488.393.062 	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161 6.110.764.017
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 5 year later Total gross incurred claims Total payments made up to today Total provision in financial statements Gross outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange difference which is booked for prior of 2014	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510 292.934.405	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - - 1.238.627.025 1.035.475.924	1.488.393.062 	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161 6.110.764.017 1.486.210.144 189.261.969
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 5 year later Total gross incurred claims Total payments made up to today Total provision in financial statements Gross outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange difference which is booked for prior of 2014 Gross IBNR amount booked as of December 2020	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510 292.934.405	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - - 1.238.627.025 1.035.475.924	1.488.393.062 	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161 6.110.764.017 1.486.210.144 189.261.969 1.792.757.803
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 5 year later Total gross incurred claims Total payments made up to today Total provision in financial statements Gross outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange difference which is booked for prior of 2014 Gross IBNR amount booked as of December 2020 Outstanding claim provisions discount adjustment	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510 292.934.405	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - - 1.238.627.025 1.035.475.924	1.488.393.062 	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161 6.110.764.017 1.486.210.144 189.261.969
1 year later 2 year later 3 year later 3 year later 4 year later 5 year later 5 year later Total gross incurred claims Total payments made up to today Total provision in financial statements Gross outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange difference which is booked for prior of 2014 Gross IBNR amount booked as of December 2020	279.959.576 300.128.181 310.663.948 324.072.668 333.471.558 342.981.510 342.981.510 292.934.405	527.599.455 556.441.207 585.670.824 609.129.010 640.219.553 	766.575.828 827.317.075 864.475.965 885.326.499 	1.183.335.649 1.238.627.025 - - - - 1.238.627.025 1.035.475.924	1.488.393.062 	1.567.111.249 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.604.731.007 4.355.615.174 2.999.437.762 1.818.528.177 973.691.111 342.981.510 7.596.974.161 6.110.764.017 1.486.210.144 189.261.969 1.792.757.803

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

December 31, 2021								
Claim Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Claim year	308.382.993	532.214.006	774.381.543	851.527.142	991.274.011	1.105.555.763	1.409.210.263	5.972.545.721
1 year later	329.875.624	625.731.202	872.803.697	929.188.086	1.065.606.195	1.288.424.355	-	5.111.629.159
2 year later	355.044.564	681.353.361	934.107.652	948.791.907	1.118.865.038	-	-	4.038.162.522
3 year later	367.279.167	711.993.893	955.227.787	942.592.889	-	-	-	2.977.093.736
4 year later	377.463.530	731.271.391	970.104.026	-	-	-	-	2.078.838.947
5 year later	382.716.440	747.517.070	-	-	-	-	-	1.130.233.510
6 year later	389.844.864	-	-	-	-	-	-	389.844.864
Total gross incurred claims	389.844.864	747.517.070	970.104.026	942.592.889	1.118.865.038	1.288.424.355	1.409.210.263	6.866.558.505
Total payments made up to today	348.056.281	623.520.173	819.295.673	804.794.135	977.060.042	1.123.156.116	1.090.299.490	5.786.181.910
Total provision in financial statements	41.788.583	123.996.897	150.808.353	137.798.754	141.804.996	165.268.239	318.910.773	1.080.376.595
Net outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange								
difference which is booked for prior of 2015								122.199.897
Net IBNR amount booked as of December 2021								1.893.916.021
Outstanding claim provisions discount adjustment								(651.116.800)
Total net outstanding claim reserve amount stated in financial								
statements at the end of the year								2.445.375.713

December 31, 2020								
Claim Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Total
Claim year	220.020.264	308.382.993	532.214.006	774.381.543	851.527.142	991.274.011	1.105.555.763	4.783.355.722
	226.137.672	329.875.624	625.731.202	872.803.697	929.188.086			4.049.342.476
1 year later						1.065.606.195	-	
2 year later	245.494.893	355.044.564	681.353.361	934.107.652	948.791.907	-	-	3.164.792.377
3 year later	254.128.906	367.279.167	711.993.893	955.227.787	-	-	-	2.288.629.753
4 year later	265.318.527	377.463.530	731.271.391	-	-	-	-	1.374.053.448
5 year later	272.546.084	382.716.440	-	-	-	-	-	655.262.524
6 year later	277.993.027	-	-	-	-	-	-	277.993.027
Total gross incurred claims	277.993.027	382.716.440	731.271.391	955.227.787	948.791.907	1.065.606.195	1.105.555.763	5.467.162.510
Total povemento modo un to todov	245.423.254	341.205.732	601.376.812	802.072.951	821.871.244	939.132.340	883.970.675	4.635.053.008
Total payments made up to today								
Total provision in financial statements	32.569.773	41.510.708	129.894.579	153.154.836	126.920.663	126.473.855	221.585.088	832.109.502
Net outstanding claims reserves, lawsuit discounts and Exchange								
difference which is booked for prior of 2014								106.856.539
Net IBNR amount booked as of December 2020								1.685.703.723
Outstanding claim provisions discount adjustment								(395.745.564)
Total net outstanding claim reserve amount stated in financial								
statements at the end of the year								2.228.924.200
Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets (continued)

Guarantees to be provided for life and non-life insurance branches and guarantees provided for life and non-life insurances based on assets:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		0	
	To be provided (**)	Provided (*)	Book value	To be provided (**)	Provided (*)	Book value
Non-life:	p. e					
Financial assets (*)	272.941.659	532.670.556	546.523.459	246.473.829	359.786.184	361.060.571
Total	272.941.659	532.670.556	546.523.459	246.473.829	359.786.184	361.060.571

(*) In accordance with the article 6 of Communiqué regarding "The Financial Structure of Insurance, Reinsurance and Pension Companies", government bonds classified under financial assets are shown by using the daily prices published by CBRT as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

(**) In accordance with the article 7 of Communiqué regarding "The Financial Structure of Insurance, Reinsurance and Pension Companies", insurance companies and pension companies operating in the life and personal accident branches have to provide their guarantees following the 2 months of capital adequacy calculation periods. In accordance with Communiqué regarding "The Financial Structure of Insurance, Reinsurance and Pension Companies" Companies send their capital adequacy table to T.C. Ministry of Treasury and Finance for the June and December periods within the 2 months period.

Insurance guarantee amounts given by branches

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Third party liability for motor vehicles (MTPL)	27.584.540.323.819	22.521.311.707.044
Fire and Natural Disasters	6.037.953.588.778	3.449.324.266.700
General Losses	1.582.925.929.587	876.111.066.731
Health	1.397.383.123.743	835.223.526.416
Transportation	709.574.083.857	435.217.082.227
Motor Vehicles	318.108.099.926	153.398.756.413
General Liability	201.903.800.720	116.064.089.266
Accident	161.743.680.326	103.408.680.103
Financial Losses	100.716.454.354	61.021.446.601
Legal Protection	85.204.920.959	61.243.105.479
Water Crafts	14.743.644.935	8.528.183.577
Aircraft	4.690.956.393	4.690.956.393
Water Crafts Liability	4.621.564.240	2.368.018.686
Total	38.204.110.171.637	28.627.910.885.636

Company's number of life insurance policies, additions, disposals during the period and the related mathematical reserves

None.

Distribution of new life insurance policyholders in terms of numbers and gross and net premiums as individual or group during the period

None.

Distribution of mathematical reserves for life insurance policyholders who left the company's portfolio as individual or group during the period

None.

Accrued subrogation and salvage income

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has subrogation and salvage income amounting to TL 59.119.774 (December 31, 2020: TL 53.401.045).

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

17. Insurance Liabilities and Reinsurance Assets (continued)

Deferred commission expenses

The Company capitalizes commissions paid to the intermediaries related to policy production under short-term and long-term prepaid expenses. As of December 31, 2021, short-term prepaid expenses amounting to TL 300.154.153 (December 31, 2020: TL 382.589.790) consist of deferred commission expenses amounting to TL 276.070.411 (December 31, 2020: TL 258.827.334) and other prepaid expenses amounting to TL 24.083.742 (December 31, 2020: TL 16.351.465).

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Deferred production commissions at the beginning of the year	258.827.334	242.925.012
Commissions to intermediaries accrued during the period (Note 32)	496.784.590	479.060.087
Commissions recognized as expense during the period (Note 32)	(479.541.513)	(463.157.765)
Deferred production commissions at the end of the year	276.070.411	258.827.334

Individual pension

None.

18. Investment contract liabilities

None.

19. Trade and other payables and deferred income

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial liabilities	827.525.473	198.888.147
Payables from main operations	418.329.497	254.868.095
Income related to future months/years and expense accruals	175.961.809	121.897.139
Taxes and other similar liabilities to be paid and their provisions	155.657.197	24.265.816
Other payables	64.348.225	52.162.087
Payables to related parties	85.295	13.869
Total	1.641.907.496	652.095.153
Short-term liabilities	1.636.689.333	645.855.124
Medium and long-term liabilities	5.218.163	6.240.029
Total	1.641.907.496	652.095.153

With "Numbered 6111 Law to make change in Restructuring of Some Receivables and Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law and Some Other Law and Delegated Legislations" dated February 25, 2011 and numbered 27857 came into force by issued in Official Gazette and dated August 27, 2012 and numbered 28038 issued in the Official Gazette "Regulation of Rules and Procedures Related with the Collection of Service Fees which is presented to Whom it may Concern due to the Traffic Accidents" and written premiums between the time period of Regulation numbered 2012/17 and all of the payable amount TL 28.193.913 (December 31, 2020: TL 28.574.122) to be ceded to SSI for those premiums, is classified under short term liabilities as "Payables to Social Security Institution Related to Treatment Expenses".

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 other payables consist of premiums to be ceded to SSI related with treatment costs and payments to make for external benefit and services.

Income related to future months and expense accruals consist of deferred commission income (Note 10) amounting to TL 174.305.748 (December 31, 2020: TL 121.173.819) and other expense accruals amounted to TL 1.656.061 (December 31, 2020: TL 723.320).

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

19. Trade and other payables and deferred income (continued)

Details of Company's payables from main operations account as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Payables to reinsurance firms (Note 10)	243.488.041	149.977.537
Payables to agency and insurance companies	139.361.545	84.005.998
Rediscount on payables to reinsurance firms (Note 10)	(154.858)	(3.581.993)
Total payables from insurance operations	382.694.728	230.401.542
Other payables from main operations	35.634.769	24.466.553
Payables from main operations	418.329.497	254.868.095

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, receivables from other main operations consist of receivables to authorized services and suppliers.

Corporate tax provision and taxes to be paid are detailed below:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Prepaid taxes	130.314.782	212.202.542
Provision of calculated corporate tax	(255.413.930)	(134.363.095)
Current period tax asset / (liability), net	(125.099.148)	77.839.447

20. Financial Liabilities

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 financial liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Expense accruals from derivatives	817.867.507	187.959.259
TFRS 16 lease liabilities	9.657.966	10.928.888
	827.525.473	198.888.147

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, due to forward foreign currency contracts the Company has deprecation balance under their other financial liabilities account. The Company recognizes derivative transactions in accordance with TAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Accounting and Measurement. Derivative transactions are measured at their fair values in the periods following their recognition. Derivative transactions are presented at "Revenue Accruals" or "Other financial liabilities" whether the fair value is positive or negative. Changes in the fair value of the related derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has recognized lease liability amounting to TL 9.657.966 (December 31, 2020: TL 10.928.888) within the scope of TFRS 16 and its part of TL 2.243.537 (December 31, 2020: TL 3.154.548) is reflected in the financial statements as deferred lease liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

21. Deferred Tax

Items that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial items and derivative instruments valuation differences	171.351.321	23.967.295
Equalization reserve	11.462.836	8.367.006
Unexpired risk reserve	9.520.761	820.797
Bonus provision	5.750.000	4.000.000
Sliding scale commission provision	4.891.694	3.462.721
Impairment provision expenses for receivables from main operations	3.741.772	3.097.403
Provision for employment termination benefit and unused vacation	3.681.567	1.710.647
Stop loss provision	477.016	232.742
Provision for business cases	103.992	51.811
TAS adjustment differences in depreciation	(2.264.771)	(1.755.208)
Currency valuation differences	(24.735.174)	-
Other	1.657.677	1.045.136
Deferred tax asset, net	185.638.691	45.000.350

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company has no unused financial losses.

The movement of deferred tax assets during the period are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Beginning of the period – January 1	45.000.350	14.739.854
Deferred tax income, net (Note 35)	134.919.959	22.015.917
Deferred tax income / (loss) recognised under equity	5.718.382	8.244.579
End of the period	185.638.691	45.000.350

22. Retirement social aid liabilities

None.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

23. Provision for Other Liabilities and Expense

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020; the details of the provisions for other risks are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Short-term employee rights bonus provisions	25.000.000	20.000.000
Unused vacation provision	8.500.915	5.488.095
Business case provisions	452.140	259.056
Other	-	2.887.522
Allowance for cost expenses	33.953.055	28.634.673
Provisions for employee termination benefits	7.505.899	3.065.139
Other	159.521	-
Total provisions for other risks	41.618.475	31.699.812

The movement of provision for employment termination benefits during the period are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Provision for employment termination benefit at the beginning of		
the period	3.065.139	3.113.245
Interest cost (Note 47)	919.542	373.591
Service cost (Note 47)	4.923.267	356.827
Payments during the period (Note 47)	(1.902.522)	(1.137.617)
Actuarial loss / (gain)	500.473	359.093
Provision for employment termination benefit at the end of the year	ar 7.505.899	3.065.139

Movement of unused vacation provision in the period are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Unused vacation provision at the beginning of the period	5.488.095	4.107.388
Payments during the period	(999.183)	(437.119)
Provision booked during the period	4.012.003	1.817.826
Unused vacation provision at the end of the year	8.500.915	5.488.095

Movement of business cases provision in the period are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Business case provisions at the beginning of the year	259.056	628.290
Payments during the period	(713.369)	(131.125)
Provision amount booked / (cancelled) during the period	906.453	(238.109)
Business case provision at the end of the year	452.140	259.056

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the details of other payables are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Payables to suppliers	17.456.655	10.741.762
Other payables	-	247.792
	17.456.655	10.989.554

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira* (*TL*))

Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1.1

24. Net Insurance Premium

January 1 – December 31,	Mataryyahialaa	Motor vehicles liability	Fire and natural	General	Transportation	Assidant	Other	Tatal
2021	Motor vehicles	liability	disasters	losses	Transportation	Accident	Other	Total
Premiums received	884.684.303	1.236.290.865	582.511.957	372.137.232	77.874.271	16.721.746	285.069.722	3.455.290.096
Premiums transferred to the reinsurance	(3.868.652)	(559.827.689)	(515.490.742)	(240.967.115)	(48.375.389)	(2.453.437)	(127.120.846)	(1.498.103.870)
Premiums transferred to the SSI	-	(99.508.566)	-	-	-	(140.984)	-	(99.649.550)
Total	880.815.651	576.954.610	67.021.215	131.170.117	29.498.882	14.127.325	157.948.876	1.857.536.676
January 1 – December 31, 2020	Motor vehicles	Motor vehicles liability	Fire and natural disasters	General losses	Transportation	Accident	Other	Total
Premiums received Premiums transferred	730.304.869	1.598.442.434	417.014.991	252.523.793	52.554.467	11.683.011	270.189.733	3.332.713.298
to the reinsurance Premiums transferred	(3.684.362)	(520.751.586)	(365.607.115)	(158.638.307)	(33.312.144)	(1.498.316)	(93.518.214)	(1.177.010.044)
						(100.000)		(407 055 000)
to the SSI	-	(137.753.391)	-	-	-	(102.209)	-	(137.855.600)

25. Fee Income

None.

26. Investment Income/(Expense)

Investment income is presented in "Note 4.2 - Financial Risk Management" above

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's insurance transaction tax is TL 12.791.858 (December 31, 2020: TL 8.663.995).

27. Net income accrual on financial assets

Shown in the "Financial risk management" note (Note 4.2) above.

28. Assets that their fair value differences reflected to the profit or loss

Shown in the "Financial risk management" note (Note 4.2) above.

29. Insurance rights and demands

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Claims paid as deducted reinsurers' share	(1.416.200.210)	(1.099.215.082)
Change in unearned premium reserve, as deducted reinsurers' and SSI share	30.050.009	135.762.785
Change in outstanding claims reserve, as deducted reinsurers' share	(216.451.513)	(470.651.523)
Change in equalization reserve as deducted reinsurers" share	(9.871.532)	(7.173.272)
Change in unexpired risks reserve as deducted reinsurers' share	(37.290.631)	(3.410.764)
Change in bonus and discount reserves as deducted reinsurers' share	(910.270)	4.313.436
Total	(1.650.674.147)	(1.440.374.420)

30. Investment agreement rights

None (December 31, 2020: None).

31. Mandatory other expenses

Grouping of expenses based on the characteristics and functions in the Company is presented in Note 32 below.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira (TL*))

32. Expense by nature

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020; the details of the operating expenses are disclosed as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Commission expenses (Note 17)	(479.541.513)	(463.157.765)
Intermediary commissions accrued during the period (Note 17)	(496.784.590)	(479.060.087)
Change in deferred production commissions (Note 17)	17.243.077	15.902.322
Employee benefits expenses (Note 33)	(180.934.681)	(143.063.127)
Commission income earned from reinsurers (Note 10)	239.310.247	197.392.471
Accrued commission income from reinsurers during the period (Note 10)	292.442.176	210.741.770
Change in deferred commission income (Note 10)	(53.131.929)	(13.349.299)
Rent expenses	(3.985.290)	(8.033.367)
Management and service expenses	(8.170.215)	(5.957.469)
IT expenses	(18.616.168)	(15.158.095)
Vehicle expenses	(842.613)	(744.354)
Marketing and sales expenses	(8.808.666)	(18.432.992)
Communication expenses	(906.533)	(1.957.591)
Travel expenses	(1.122.710)	(599.889)
Taxes, duties and fees	(912.224)	(852.037)
Printed matters and office supplies expenses	(2.966.388)	(1.904.780)
Mail and cargo expenses	(762.586)	(387.492)
Consulting expenses	(5.880.664)	(1.612.753)
Bank charges expense	(3.279.177)	(2.377.273)
Total	(477.419.181)	(466.846.513)

33. Employee benefit expenses

The details of employee benefits expenses for the period ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Salary and wages	(112.623.062)	(89.664.042)
Other vested benefits	(20.344.262)	(16.677.422)
Bonus, premium and commission	(31.317.574)	(23.312.147)
Employer's share of social security premium	(16.649.783)	(13.409.516)
Total	(180.934.681)	(143.063.127)

34. Financial costs

All financial costs for the period are shown in the note "Financial risk management" above (Note 4.2). There is no financial allowance for the cost of production or the cost of fixed assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira* (*TL*))

35. Income taxes

Items composing the income tax expenses stated in the financial statements are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Corporate tax liability:		
Calculated corporate tax provision	(255.413.930)	(134.363.095)
Deferred tax:		
Deferred tax income/(loss) (Note 21)	134.919.959	22.015.917
Total	(120.493.971)	(112.347.178)

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 confirmation of Company's operational profit before taxes arised in Company's financial statements and Company's actual income tax provision calculated via active tax rate are detailed in the table below:

	December	31, 2021	Decembe	er 31, 2020
		Tax Rate (%)		Tax Rate (%)
Profit before tax	444.042.719		494.938.778	
Income tax provision by legal tax rate	(111.010.680)	(25,00)	(108.886.531)	(22,00)
Non-deductible expenses	(686.998)	(0,15)	(315.124)	(0,06)
Other	(8.796.293)	(1,98)	(3.145.523)	(0,64)
Total income tax income/(expense)	(120.493.971)	(27,14)	(112.347.178)	(22,70)

36. Net foreign exchange gains

Shown in the "Financial risk management" note (Note 4.2) above.

37. Earnings per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit of the Company by the weighted average number of shares.

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Profit as of accounting period	323.548.748	382.591.600
Weighted average number of stocks	19.000.000.000	19.000.000.000
Earnings per share (TL)	0,01703	0,02014

38. Dividends per share

At the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of the Company dated March 30, 2021, it has been decided to reserve TL 20.228.901 as legal reserves pursuant to Turkish Commercial Code 519, TL 211.789.009 distribute to shareholder as gross dividend and TL 204.923.759 transfer to extraordinary reserves regarding TL 436.941.669 the net profit of 2020.

39. Cash generated from operations

Cash flows from operating activities are disclosed in the statement of cash flows.

40. Equity share convertible bonds

None.

41. Cash convertible privileged equity shares:

None.

42. Risks

During the ordinary operations Company faces many legal conflicts, cases and claims for damages mainly from insurance operations. These cases are reflected to financial statements by providing necessary provisions in allowance for cost expenses and outstanding claims reserve.

As of December 31, 2021, total amount of all cases against the Company is TL 342.843.150 (December 31, 2020: TL 291.344.249) on the other hand possible responsibility amount that Company is obliged to pay if the case concludes against the Company including the opened cases and execution proceedings made is TL 1.152.008.824 (December 31, 2020: TL 846.784.875).

43. Commitments

The details of the guarantees given in the non-life insurance branches in accordance with the Company's activities are given in Note 17.

As part of operational lease total minimum rent payment amounts to be paid for the real estates which is rented for the usage of head office and region offices and rent vehicles assigned to sales team are as follows:

TL commitments	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Less than 1 year	750.730	516.612
More than a year, less than five years	948.000	624.480
Sum of minimum rent payments to be paid	1.698.730	1.141.092

44. Business merges

None.

45. Related party transactions

Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. And the groups to which they are affiliated and the associates and subsidiaries of these groups are defined as related parties for these financial statements.

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the related party balances are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	2.534.704	3.842.987
Receivables from related parties	2.534.704	3.842.987
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	19.288.178	934.829
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe	658.954	(359.896)
Payables from insurance operations	19.947.132	574.933

Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 (*Currency: Turkish Lira* (*TL*))

45. Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties for the periods ended at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	28.438.618	20.177.577
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe	251.827	371.505
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe Germany Branch	5.104	126.913
Canopius Managing Limited	4.095	-
Commissions taken	28.699.644	20.675.995
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	73.389.846	48.993.554
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe	1.189.629	1.749.221
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe Germany Branch	47.987	498.090
Canopius Managing Limited	16.381	-
Ceded premium	74.643.843	51.240.865
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	25.575.172	21,598,396
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe	1.319.683	1.634.517
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of Europe Germany Branch	17.966	(221.812)
Claims paid	26.912.821	23.011.101
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Sompo International Holdings Inc.	750.472	359.181
Non-operating income	750.472	359.181

No guarantees have been taken against receivables from related parties.

There are no doubtful receivables from shareholders, subsidiaries and joint ventures.

There are not any liabilities like warranty, commitment, bail, advance and endorsement on behalf of shareholders, subsidiaries and associations.

46. Events occurred after reporting date

With the "Law on the Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law", whose proposal was submitted on January 13, 2022 and accepted in the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on January 20, 2022, foreign exchange differences, interest, dividends and other incomes of companies that convert their foreign currency assets or various gold instruments into Turkish Lira and keep the Turkish lira assets thus obtained in time deposits and participation accounts with a maturity of at least three months are exempt from corporate tax.

The Company benefited TL 58.442.689 tax exemption in 2021 within the scope of the Temporary 14th Article of the Tax Procedure Law and the Law on The Amendment of the Corporate Tax Law published in the Official Gazette dated January 29, 2022 and numbered 31734. Since the changes made in tax laws after the reporting date are considered within the scope of "non-adjusting event after the reporting period" in accordance with TAS 10, they did not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2021.

The tension between Russia and Ukraine since January 2022 has turned into a crisis and an armed conflict as of the date of the report. The Company does not carry out any activities in these two countries that are subject to the crisis. Considering the geographies in which the Company operates, no direct impact is expected on Company operations. However, as of the date of this report, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the effects of the global developments and their potential impact on the global and regional economy, on the Company's operations because of the uncertainty about how the crisis will evolve.

47. Other

47.1 Details of "Other" items in the balance sheet which exceed 20% of its respective account group of 5% of total assets:

None.

47.2. Due from and due to personnel classified in "Other receivables" and "Other short-term or long-term payables" that exceed 1% of total assets:

None.

47.3. Receivables from salvage and subrogation followed under off-balance sheet items: None.

None.

47.4. Income and expenses related to prior periods and the amounts and sources of expenses and losses"

None.

Possessed real rights on properties and their values

None.

47.5. Other information that has been obliged to present by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance

Provision and rediscount income/expenses of the period

a) Provision Expenses

The details of rediscount and provision expenses for the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Impairment provision expenses booked for receivables from main		
operations, net	(57.431.461)	(36.885.778)
Unused vacation provision expenses	(3.012.820)	
Employment termination benefit expenses	(3.940.287)	()
Business cases provision (expense)/cancellation	(193.084)	369.234
Other provision expense	-	(2.887.523)
Provisions account	(64.577.652)	(40.377.575)
	· · ·	· · ·
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Rediscounts interest income / (expenses)	(9.822.232)	(2.940.831)
Rediscount account	(9.822.232)	(2.940.831)
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Unearned premium provisions	30.050.009	
Outstanding claim reserve	(216.451.513)	()
Unexpired risk reserve	(37.290.631)	(3.410.764)
Equalization reserve	(9.871.532)	(7.173.272)
Bonus and discount reserve	(910.270)	4.313.436
Technical Provisions	(234.473.937)	(341.159.338)

Sompo Sigorta Anonim Şirketi Notes to the Financial Statements As of December 31, 2021 *(Currency: Turkish Lira (TL))*

47. Other (continued)

47.5. Other information that has been obliged to present by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance (continued)

b) Other Expenses and Losses

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Non-deductible expenses (-)	(2.747.990)	(1.432.384)	
Other expenses and losses (-)	(77.203)	(608.783)	
Other expenses and losses (-)	(2.825.193)	(2.041.167)	
c) Other Income and Profits			
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Late charge income	2.627.121	2.640.794	
Other income and profits	2.627.121	2.640.794	
d) Other technical expenses			
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Assistance service expenses	(42.182.789)	(40.045.548)	
Other technical expenses	(18.426.885)	(19.074.391)	
Other technical expenses	(60.609.674)	(59.119.939)	
e) Other Long-term deferred incomer prepai	d Income		
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Commission income	-	(595.238)	
Prepaid income	-	(595.238)	
f) Fees for services received from Independent Auditor/Independent audit firm			
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Independent audit fee for reporting period	427.875	300.000	
Total	427.875	300.000	